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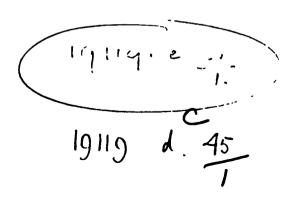
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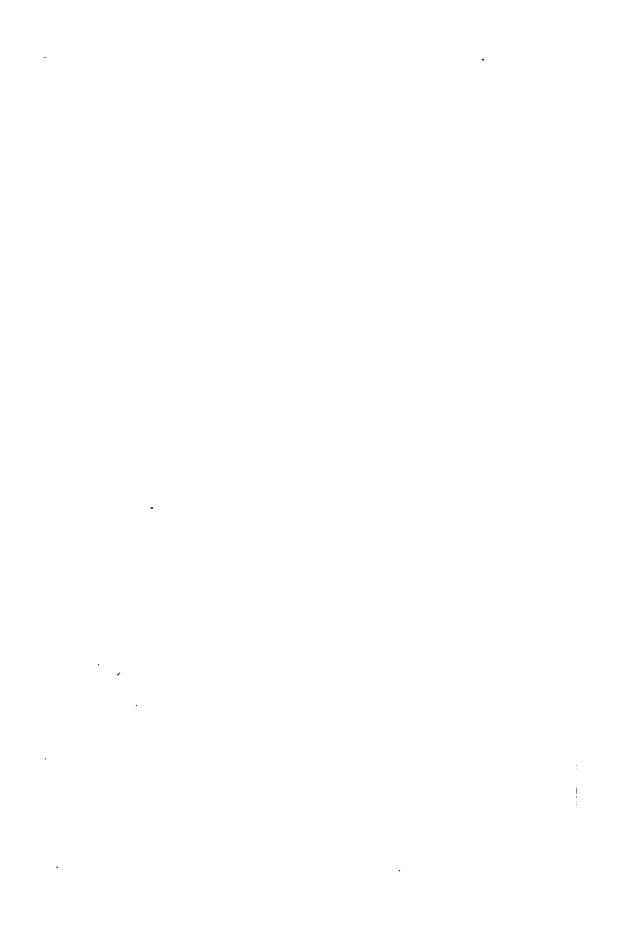
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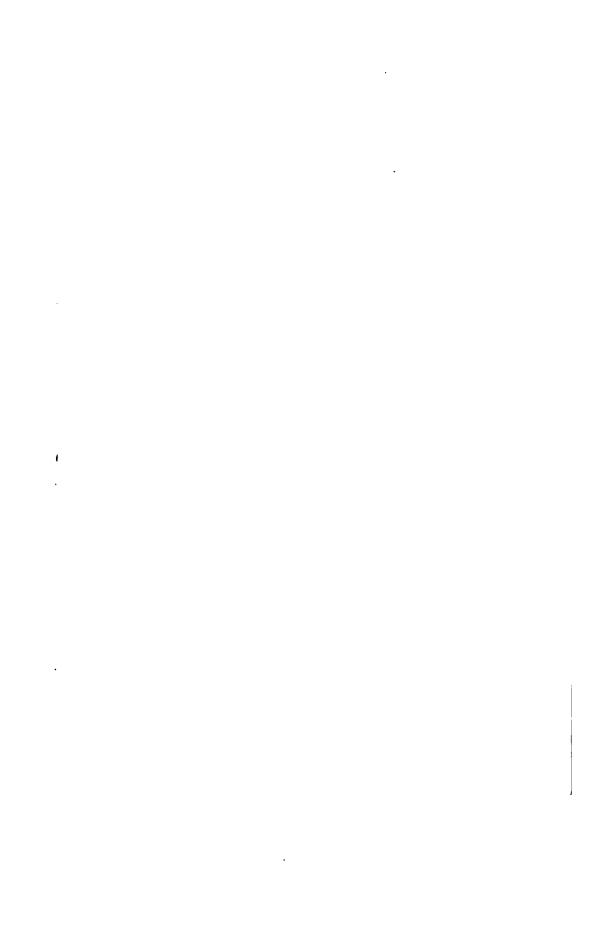


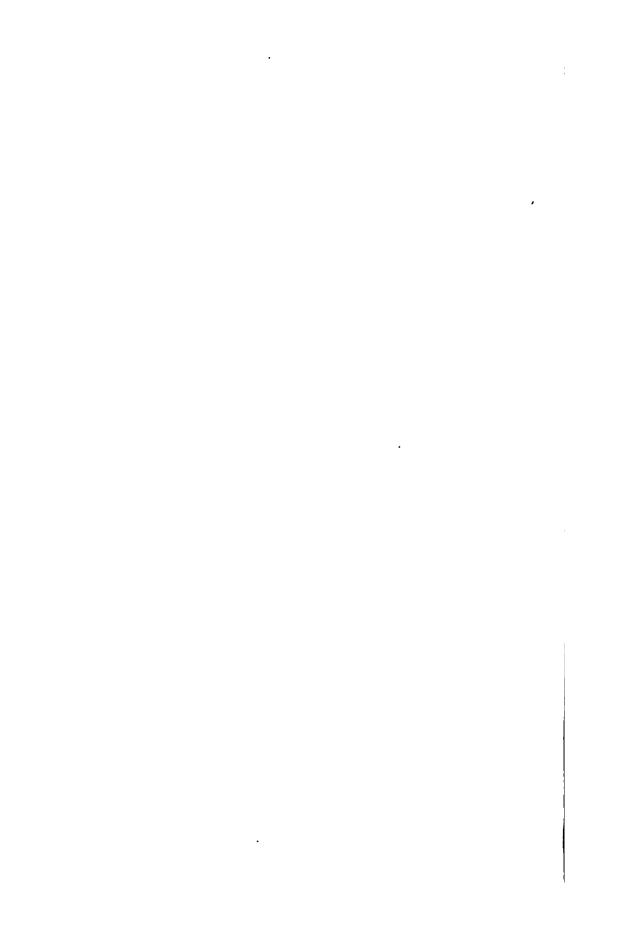












# **ILLUSTRATIONS**

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# BRITISH FUNGI

(HYMENOMYCETES),

To serve as an Atlas to the "Handbook of British Fungi," by

M. C. COOKE.



WILLIAMS AND NORGATE,
HENRIETTA STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON.
SOUTH FREDERICK STREET, EDINBURGH.
1881.

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# ILLUSTRATIONS OF BRITISH FUNGI.

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### **ILLUSTRATIONS**

OF

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To serve as an Atlas to the "Handbook of British Fungi."

BY

#### M. C. COOKE, M.A., LL.D., A.L.S.,

President of the Quekett Microscopical Club, and of the Hackney Natural History and Microscopical Society. Fellow of the Botanical Society of Edinburgh. Corresponding Member of the Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia; of the Academy of Science of New York; of the Portland Society of Natural History, Maine, and of the Società Crittogamologica Italiana. Honorary Member of the Cryptogamic Society of Society; the Woolhope Field Club; the Hertfordshire Natural History Society; the Norfolk and Norwich Naturalists Society; the Essex Field Club; and other Societies.

VOL. I.

#### London:

WILLIAMS AND NORGATE, HENRIETTA STREET, W.C.

1881-1883.

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#### PREFACE.

In 1797 Sowerby published his "Coloured Figures of British Fungi," since which time no effort has been made to produce figures of all the known species of the larger Fungi, belonging to the order Hymenomycetes. In 1867 the venerable Fries commenced the publication of his "Icones" in which it was proposed to illustrate all the European species of which no figures had been published. For the rest the British Mycologist had to purchase numerous and expensive works, which had from time to time appeared in different European countries, and in many of these the figures were not absolutely satisfactory. To meet the requirements of the British student of Fungi a work was long felt desirable which should include coloured figures of all the known British species, and I was often urged to undertake such a work, but the magnitude and responsibility of the undertaking deterred me for a long period from making the attempt.

At the meeting of the Woolhope Club, in the autumn of 1880, the subject was again considered, and I was induced to commence these "Illustrations" provided a sufficient number of subscribers could be secured to guarantee the continuance of the work, and limit the pecuniary responsibility within reasonable bounds. Although hitherto the receipts have fallen short of the expenditure, the arduous undertaking has been pursued without interruption, or recompense, until the section *Leucospori* of the large genus *Agaricus* has been completed in two volumes, containing 292

plates, illustrating 378 species, with varieties, leaving only about twenty-six species in this section, which have been recorded as British, without figures, including some very doubtful ones. It is probable that some of these may yet be obtained and figured as an appendix.

It is intended to proceed forthwith with the publication of "Illustrations" of the remaining sections of Agaricus, which it is estimated will occupy two volumes, including about the same number of plates as the two volumes just concluded.

Up to this point it is considered that the "Illustrations" will compare favourably in number with any work hitherto published. Sowerby figured only 165 species of Agaricini, of all kinds; Hussey, 80; Bolton, 108; Bulliard, 287; Krombholz, 230; and Fries' "Icones" includes 209 species of the *Leucospori*, so that already a larger number of white-spored Agarics have been figured herein than all the gill-bearing Fungi in Sowerby, Hussey, and Bolton together, or than were contained in the large work by Krombholz. Although this may fairly claim to be a national work, it is remarkable that less than seventy of the inhabitants of the British islands contribute, as subscribers, to its success, and its very existence is consequently dependent upon foreign support.

As to execution, an interested party is not a fitting judge. It may be confessed that all the figures are not of equal excellence, but the printer has spared no effort in his endeavours to give satisfaction, yet, when once printed, it is difficult to make corrections, and delicate tones of colour are often inappreciable, except to a connoisseur. It should also be remembered, that it is not the typical form of a species which is always to be found in a given locality, and however truly our figures may represent what we have seen, it does not follow, as a matter of course, that they will

always represent with equal fidelity forms or varieties known to others. Allowance must therefore be made for reasonable variation, and a figure does not merit condemnation because it fails to realize the ideal which anyone may have evolved for a particular species.

It has been objected that in so few instances figures of the spores have been given, and this has been a source of regret, but the method of printing adopted is not favourable to such small objects as spores, which require to be rigidly accurate both in form and dimensions. In laying down the outlines, it is the inner, and not the outer surface of the line which bounds the object, and hence in transferring minute objects, they are at once sensibly diminished, and this diminution has a tendency to increase by the inward spreading of the ground colour. For these reasons the spores have seldom been attempted, and never with complete satisfaction. In the sections with coloured spores, hopes are entertained of surmounting the difficulty.

I cannot permit these remarks to close without acknowledging the assistance so freely rendered by those who have sent me either living specimens, or placed their drawings at my disposal. My thanks are especially due to the Rev. M. J. Berkeley (M.J.B.), Miss Berkeley (R.E.B.), C. E. Broome (C.E.B.), Cedric Bucknall (C.B.), Dr. Bull (H.G.B.), Rev. Canon Du Port, T. Howse (T.H.), G. Massee (G.M.), W. Phillips (W.P.), C. B. Plowright, W. G. Smith (W.G.S.), and Rev. John Stevenson. Their initials are attached to the copies of their drawings. Had it not been for the kind assistance so freely and cheerfully rendered, these volumes could never have reached so successful a termination. Above all, the council and experience of my valued friend, the Rev. M. J. Berkeley, has been to me a tower of strength, given

continuously and unreservedly, with a paternal affection for the work in hand, it demands from me all the acknowledgment and gratitude which it is in my power to offer.

Since it is impossible for me to attempt a new edition of the "Handbook," whilst this work is in progress, it is intended to reprint the specific characters of all the *Hymenomycetes* (British) in some convenient form to be used with the plates, as a separate publication. Though names may change, and the limits of species fluctuate, it is hoped that these figures may prove a welcome legacy to a future generation.

M. C. COOKE.

July, 1883.

## SYSTEMATIC INDEX.

O T AGADIGINA T	
ORDER I. AGARICINI. Fr.	
Hymenium inferior, spread over radiating gills.	
GENUS I. AGARICUS, Linn.  Gills membranaceous, persistent, with an acute edge, trama floccose.	
Sect. A. Leucospori. White spored.	
Sub-Genus 1. Amanita, Pers. Universal veil free from the cuticle; stem distinct from the hymenophore, furnished with a volva at the base. Gills free.	
• Ring manifest, superior.	
<ul> <li>a. Volva splitting at the apex, border free, per- sistent.</li> </ul>	
1. Ag. virosus, Fr	1 2 3
<ul> <li>b. Volva cut round above the bulb, border mem- branaceous:</li> </ul>	
4. Ag. mappa, Fr	4
c. Volva definitely cut around, base marginate, persistent, calyptra broken into thick warts scattered over the pileus.	
6. " pantherinus, $Fr$	117 6 7 8 277
d. Volva entirely friable.	
10. Ag. rubescens, Fr. 11. ,, spissus, Fr. 12. ,, nitidus, Fr. 13. ,, asper, Fr.	9 69 70 10
e. Volva flocculose, wholly evanescent, stem not bulbous.	
14. Ag. magnificus, Fr.	84

**	Ring	obliterated	or	none.
----	------	-------------	----	-------

ting obliverated or none.	
16. Ag. vaginatus, Fr 17. ,, strangulatus, Fr 18. ,, adnatus, Sm	. 12 . 13 . 35
SubGen. 2. Lepiota, Fr. Universal veil concrete wit the pileus, gills free, often remote. Volva absent. Ster generally distinct from the hymenophore.	
* Epidermis dry.	
a. PROCERI. Ring movable.	
19. Ag. procerus, Scop 20 rachodes, Vitt	. 21
,,	. 22
	. 28
22. "gracilentus, $Krombh$ . 23. "mastoideus, $Fr$ .	. 24
<i>,</i> , ,	
b. CLYPROLARII. Ring fixed, homogeneou with universal veil clothing the stem.	18
24. Ag. acutesquamosus, Wein.	. 14
25. "Badhami, Berk	. 25
26. " meleagris, Sow	. 26
27. "biornatus, B. & Br.	. 87
28. ,, hispidus, Lasch	. 27
29. ,, clypeolarius, Bull.	. 38
30. ,, metulæsporus, Berk.	. 89
31. ,, cristatus, A. & S.	. 29
32. ,, ermineus, $Fr$	. 40
c. Annulosi. Ring superior, fixed, subpe sistent. Universal veil adnate to the pileus.	
33. Ag. Vittadinii, Fr	. 36
34. " holosericeus, Fr	. 41
35. , naucinus, $Fr$	. 15
36. ,, cepæstipes, Sow.	. 5
d. Granulosi. Universal veil of the pilet and stem at first continuous, by ruptur forming an inferior ring.	
87. Ag. carcharias, Pers	. 42
38. " cinnabarinus, A. & S.	. 48
	. ——
89. , granulosus, Batsch.	. 18
An \ , , var. rubescens	. 218a
,, amianthinus, Scop.	. 218 <i>b</i>
41. " polystictus, Berk.	. 80

e. Mesomorphi. Small, slender, stem fistulose, pileus dry, cuticle entire.	
42. { Ag. sistratus, Fr	85 a 85 b 19 a 19 b
** Epidermis viscid.	
45. $\left\{\begin{array}{lll} ,, & \text{delicatus, } Fr. \\ ,, & \text{gliodermus, } Fr. \\ \end{array}\right.$ . 46. $\left.\begin{array}{lll} ,, & \text{lenticularis, } Lasch. \\ \end{array}\right.$	
a. Gills sinuato-adnexed.	
50. ,, ,, (Goliathus) 51. ,, robustus A. & S 52. ,, ,, minor . —— ,, aurantius, Schff 53. ,, ramentaceus, Bull.	71 45 46
57. ", subcavus, Schum.	47
c. Gills equal behind, stem externally rather cartilaginous.	,
58. Ag. mucidus, Schrad.  SubGen. 4. Tricholoma, Fr. Veil obsolete, or attached in flocci or fibrils to the margin of the pileus. Stem fleshy. Gills sinuate behind.  * Pileus either viscid, or clad with fibrils, scales, or down.  a. Limacini. Cuticle of the pileus viscid.	· ·
when moist, innate-fibrillose or squamose but not lacerated.	,
Gills not discoloured.	
59. Ag. equestris, Linn 60. " sejunctus, Sow	. 72 . 53

#### SYSTEMATIC INDEX.

	61. Ag. portentosus, Fr		54
	62. "fucatus, Fr		78
	63. ,, quinquepartitus, Fr.		74
	64. , resplendens, Fr		55
	CK managing Th	•	87
			•
	Gills becoming discoloured, usually with	h	
	reddish spots.		
	66. Ag. colossus, Fr		75
	67. , acerbus, Bull		76
	68. , nictitans, Fr		56
	69. "fulvellus, Fr		57
	70. , flavo-brunneus, Fr.		58
	71. ,, albo-brunneus, Pers.		197
	72. , ustalis, Fr		88
	pessundatus, Fr.		
	70 -A 17	•	198
	•		200
Ь.	GENUINA. Cuticle of the pileus never viscid	,	
	but lacerated in scaly flocci or in fibrils.		
	Gills not changing colour nor spotted with	h	-
	red or black.		
			00
	74. Ag. rutilans, Schff	٠	89
	75. " luridus, Schff	•	214
	76. ,, guttatus, Schff	•	59
	77. , columbetta, $Fr$	•	48
	78. ,, scalpturatus, $Fr$	•	215
	Gills becoming reddish, or cinereous, edg	e	
	usually at length spotted with rufous o		
	black.	•	
			100
	79. Ag. imbricatus, Fr	•	199
	80. ,, vaccinus, Pers	•	60
	81. ,, immundus, Berk	•	61
	82. " murinaceus, Bull	•	49
	83. ,, terreus, Schff	•	50
	84. " , var. argyraceus, Bull	١.	165
	85. ,, ,, var. atrosquamosus	١,	
	Chev		51
	86. ,, ,, var. orirubens, $Q$ .		90
_			
c.	RIGIDA. Cuticle of the pileus rigid	,	
	punctato-granulate, or in drying broke	ш	
	into smooth squamules.		
	Gills white or pallid, not becoming spotted with	h	
	rufous or cinereous.		
	87. Ag. macrorhizus, Lasch.	_	278
	88. ,, saponaceus, Fr	•	91
	OD TAT SOMETHINGS	-	
	89. " " var. squamosus	•	

90. Ag. cartilagineus, Bull.	166
$$ ,, loricatus, $Fr$ .  91. $\{$ ,, atro-cinereus, $Pers$ . $\{$ ,, cuneifolius, $Fr$ .	52 a 52 b
92. ,, ,, var. griseo-rimosus.  Batsch	,
Gills becoming rufous, or cinereous, or spotted	
93. Ag. crassifolius, B.	92
94. , tumidus, Pers	93
95. ,, virgatus, Fr	167
d. Sericella. Pileus rather thin, at first silky, soon smooth and quite dry.	•
Gills broad, rather thick, and somewhat dis- tant. Smell unpleasant.	
96. Ag. sulphureus, Bull	62
97. , bufonius, <i>Pers</i>	181
98. , lascivus, $Fr$	94
100 inspense Fr	21 <i>1</i>
Gills thin, crowded, narrow. Small, inodorou	
101 Ag. cerinus, Pers	95 <i>b</i> 95 <i>a</i>
ionides, Bull	95a
101. $ \begin{cases} \text{Ag. cerinus, } \textit{Pers.} \\ \text{,, ionides, } \textit{Bull.} \end{cases} $ $ 102. \begin{cases} \text{,, carneus, } \textit{Bull.} \\ \text{,, celatus, } \textit{Fr.} \end{cases} $	96a 96b
	200
** Pileus even, smooth.	
e. VERNALES. Pileus fleshy, soft, fragile, spotted or rivulose. Stem solid. Vernal.	
Gills white or whitish.	
103. Ag. gambosus, Fr	68
Gills becoming reddish or smoky.	
	262
	229
106. "tigrinus, Schff	64
f. Spongiosa. Pileus compact, then spongy, obtuse, even, smooth, moist, not hygro- phanous.	
Gills not becoming discoloured.	
	168
108. " patulus, Fr	279
108. " patulus, $Fr$	218a
Fr.	2186
o	

110. Ag. albus, Schf. 111. ,, leucocephalus, Fr.		65 78
Gills becoming discoloured.		
112. Ag. militaris, Fr	. :	169
113. , personatus, $Fr$ .	•	66
114. " nudus, Bull	-	67
		133
116. " cinerascens, Bull	-	170
117. " panæolus, Fr	•	97
g. Hygrophana. Pileus thin, rather umbonate, flesh at length soft, hygrophanous.  Gills whitish, not spotted.		
•		~~
118. Ag. grammopodius, Bull.		98
		119
119. { ,, yar. porphyro- leucus	•	1196
120. " brevipes, Bull		68
		~~
121 humilis. $Fr$ 99	9 :	268a
121 humilis. $Fr$ 99	9 :	268a
121. ,, humilis, Fr 99 122. ,, ,, var. blandus, B. 123. ,, exscissus, Fr	9 :	263a 263b 171
121. ,, humilis, Fr 99 122. ,, ,, var. blandus, B.	9 :	263a 263b 171
121. ,, humilis, Fr 99 122. ,, ,, var. blandus, B. 123. ,, exscissus, Fr	9 :	263a 263b 171
121. " humilis, Fr 99 122. " " var. blandus, B. 123. " exscissus, Fr 124. " subpulverulentus, Pers.  Gills becoming violet, grey, or smoky.	9 :	263 <i>a</i> 263 <i>b</i> 171 219
121. " humilis, Fr 99 122. " " var. blandus, B. 123. " exscissus, Fr 124. " subpulverulentus, Pers.  Gills becoming violet, grey, or smoky. 125. Ag. sordidus, Fr	9	263a 263b 171
121. " humilis, Fr	9	263 <i>a</i> 263 <i>b</i> 171 219

Sub-Gen. 5. Glitocybe, Fr. Veil usually obsolete. Stem soon hollow. Gills adnate, attenuated behind, or decurrent.

- Pileus fleshy, often becoming pallid when dry, but not hygrophanous.
  - a. Discipormes. Pileus convex, then plane, or depressed, regular, obtuse; gills at first adnate or regularly adnate-decurrent.

#### Pileus cinereous or fuscous.

128.	Ag.	nebularis, $Fr$ .	•	. 79
129.	"	clavipes, Pers.		. 80
	**	gangrenosus, Fr.	•	. —
130. \$	,,	inornatus, Sow.	•	. 246a
100. 3		hirpeolps, Fr.		. 2466

Pileus becoming yellowish.	
### Pileus becoming yellowish.  ### Ag. amarella, *Pers	64
### Pileus becoming yellowish.  ### Ag. amarella, *Pers	34a
### Pileus becoming yellowish.  ### Ag. amarella, *Pers	346
183. { ,, vernicosus, Fr	
## Subalutaceus, **Batsch.**  **Pileus greenish or becoming pallid.**  134. **Ag. odorus, **Bull.**  135. **, **Trogii, **Fr.**  136. **\{ " rivulosus, *Fr.**	~
## Subalutaceus, **Batsch.**  **Pileus greenish or becoming pallid.**  134. **Ag. odorus, **Bull.**  135. **, **Trogii, **Fr.**  136. **\{ " rivulosus, *Fr.**	
## Pileus greenish or becoming pallid.  134. Ag. odorus, Bull	000
134. Ag. odorus, Bull	
135. "Trogii, Fr	01
Pileus white, becoming shining.  137. Ag. cerussatus, Fr	
Pileus white, becoming shining.  137. Ag. cerussatus, Fr	
Pileus white, becoming shining.  137. Ag. cerussatus, Fr	
## Pileus white, becoming shining.  137. Ag. cerussatus, Fr	8008
137. Ag. cerussatus, Fr	
138. ", ", var. difformis, Sch. 19 139. ", phyllophilus, Fr	<b>0</b> 1
140. { "pithyophilus, Fr 10	21 99
140. { "pithyophilus, Fr 10	2 <i>2</i> Q1
141. ,, candicans, Pers	US" OT
141. ,, candicans, Pers	ለደለ
b. Difformes. Pileus fleshy in the disc, but thin at the margin, at first umbonate, then expanded and depressed, irregular; gills unequally decurrent; generally cospitose.  Ag. decastes, Fr	
b. Difformes. Pileus fleshy in the disc, but thin at the margin, at first umbonate, then expanded and depressed, irregular; gills unequally decurrent; generally cospitose.  Ag. decastes, Fr	04
b. Difformes. Pileus fleshy in the disc, but thin at the margin, at first umbonate, then expanded and depressed, irregular; gills unequally decurrent; generally cospitose.  Ag. decastes, Fr.  145. ,, aggregatus, Schff	
b. Difformes. Pileus fleshy in the disc, but thin at the margin, at first umbonate, then expanded and depressed, irregular; gills unequally decurrent; generally cospitose.  Ag. decastes, Fr.  145. " aggregatus, Schff	
thin at the margin, at first umbonate, then expanded and depressed, irregular; gills unequally decurrent; generally cospitose.  Ag. decastes, Fr	
then expanded and depressed, irregular; gills unequally decurrent; generally cospitose.  ———————————————————————————————————	
gills unequally decurrent; generally cospitose.  Ag. decastes, Fr	
pitose.  Ag. decastes, Fr	
Ag. decastes, Fr	
145. ,, aggregatus, Schff 19 146. ,, elixus, Sow 29 147. ,, fumosus, Pers 19 148. ,, tumulosus, Kalch 19	
146. ,, elixus, Sow	82
147. , fumosus, <i>Pers.</i> 1 . 148. , tumulosus, <i>Kalch.</i> 10	
148. ", tumulosus, Kalch 10	75
149. ,, opacus, With 1'	76
c. INFUNDIBULIFORMES. Pileus attenuated from a fleshy disc towards the margin, at length infundibuliform, or deeply depressed in the centre. Gills deeply and equally decurrent from the first.  Pileus coloured or growing pallid, surface innately flocculose or silky.	

150. Ag	giganteus. Sow. maximus, Fr.		106
151	maximus Fr	•	185
	maximus, <i>Fr</i> . infundibuliformis	Schff	107
,,		var. mem-	
"	, h		
	trollesformia Fe	200as, 2 7.	
,,	incilia Fr	•	2814
153. } "	trullæformis, Fr. incilis, Fr. parilis, Fr	•	2814
Pileus coloured weather.	or pallid, smooth, m	oist in wet	
	- mantanana Pull		83
172	g. geotropus, Bull. ,, var. s	hinmalıı	OĐ
155. ,,	,, V&Ft	Sm.	177
1 8 0	subinvolutus, Ba	, wm	100
156. ,,	subinvolucius, Da	usch	100
157. "	gilvus, <i>Pers.</i> splendens, <i>Pers.</i>		100
158. ,,	spiendens, Fers.	•	109
159. ,	inversus, Scop. flaccidus, Fr.		84 128
1.01	laba	· · · · ·	120
"			110
102. "	senilis, Fr., varie	·y .	110
Pileus shining			
168. Ag	catinus, Fr.		111
164. "	tuba, Fr.		112
165. ,,	ericetorum, Bull.		188
Pileus between fleshy phanous.			
	s. Pileus fleshy, n		
ceous, disc	not compact, hygr	ophanous,	
depressed, t	hen cup-shaped; gi	lls adnate,	
then decurr	ent.		
166. As	g. cyathiformis, Fr.		113
168	,, var. exp obbatus, Fr.		230
169	pruinosus, Lasch		231
	concavus, Scop.		
	brumalis, Fr.	• •	114
e. Orbiformes.	Pileus rather fl	esby. ex-	
ternally and	l internally moist, l	nygropha-	
	t, then flattened or		
	lls plane, adnate.	,	
Gills becoming	cinereous.		
171. Ag	. metachrous, Fr.		115
<del></del>	pausiacus, Fr.	•	
172	pausiacus, Fr. ditopus, Fr.		116
n	<b>. , -</b>	•	

Gills whitish.	
174. ,, fragrans, Sow	232 124 125 238
f. Versiformes. Pileus thin, convex, then deformed, more or less squamulose or mealy; gills adnate, broad, rather thick, very distant, and dusted with the white spores.	
Pileus brownish or dingy with darkish scales.	
	126 183
Pileus bright and self-coloured.	
179. Ag. laccatus, $Fr$ 180. , Sadleri, $Berk$	139 127
<ul> <li>Sub-Gen. 6. Gollybia, Fr. Stem cartilaginous. Pileus not sulcato-plicate, nor wrinkled; margin at first involute. Gills free or only obtusely adnexed behind.</li> <li>Gills white, or brightly coloured, not cinereous.</li> </ul>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
a. STRIÆPEDES. Stem stiff, hollow, or with a spongy pith, sulcate or striate.	
Gills broad, rather distant.	
182. ,, longipes, Bull	140 201 128 292 141
Gills crowded, narrow.	
186. Ag. maculatus, $A. \notin S$ . 187. ,, var. immaculatus . 188. ,, distortus, $Fr$ 189. ,, butyraceus, $Bull$	142 221 282 143 202
b. VESTIPEDES. Stem thin, equal, fistulose, or medullate, even, velvety, floccose or pruinose.	
Gills broad, rather distant.	
191. { ,, laxipes, Wein	184a 184b 129 149a 149b

Gills	very	narrow,	crowded.
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194. {	Ag.	hariolorum, Bull confluens, Pers.	•	150a
	,,	confluens, Pers.		150b
195.	,,	ingratus, Schum.		283
196.	"	conigenus, Pers.		130
197. {	"	cirrhatus, Schum.		1446
··· {	"	cirrhatus, Schum. tuberosus, Bull.	•	144a
		racemosus. Pere		

c. LEVIPEDES. Stem thin, equal, fistulose, naked, smooth, not conspicuously striate.

Gills broad, lax, usually more or less distant.

198.	Ag.		205
199. {	,,	ventricosus, Bull.	145a
(	,,	Stevensoni, B. & Br.	1456
200.	,,	psathyroides, Cke.	266
201.	,,	xanthopus, $\dot{F}r$ .	203
<b>202</b> .	,,	nitellinus, Fr. var.	146
203. {	,,	succineus, Fr	151a
(	,,	nummularius, Fr.	151 <i>b</i>
(	,,	esculentus, Wulf	152a
204.	,,		152 <i>b</i>
(	,,	,, var. stolonifer, $J$ .	152c

#### Gills narrow, crowded.

205.	Ag. acervatus, Fr.	_		267
<b>2</b> 0 <b>6</b> .	" dryophilus, Bull.		-	204
207.	,, aquosus, Bull.	•		234
	" extuberans, Fr.			
208. {	" exsculptus, Fr.			268a
٠٠٠٠ ٢	" macilentus, Fr.			268 <i>b</i>
۱ ۵۵۵	,, clavus, Linn.	•		147a
<b>2</b> 09. {	,, ocellatus, Fr.		•	14/6
•	muscigenus Schul	199		147 0

## •• Gills becoming cinereous.

d. TEPHROPHANE. Colour dingy, becoming cinereous.

#### Gills crowded, rather narrow.

210. $\begin{cases} Ag. \text{ rancidus, } Fr. \\ ,, \text{ coracinus, } Fr. \end{cases}$		. 158a
		. 158 <i>6</i>
, ozes, Fr.	•	. —
211. $\{ ,, \text{ inolens, } Fr. \\ ,, \text{ plexipes, } Fr. \}$	•	. 154a
( ,, plexipes, Fr.	•	. 154 6
212. { ,, atratus, Fr. ambustus, Fr.	•	. 155a
( ,, amoustus, F7	• •	. 155 <i>6</i>

Gills very broad, more or less distant.	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	269
,, multius, Date	270a
$214.$ $\frac{1}{2}$	2703
c., clusilis Fr.	2476
215. $\frac{1}{2}$ tylicolor. $F_r$ .	247a
C. J. Class H. Throng T. Ch. and	21,0
SubGen. 7. Eyeena, Fr. Stem cartilaginous. Pileus generally striate, margin at first straight and appressed to the stem, gills not decurrent.	
a. CALODONTES. Edge of the gills dark, den- ticulate.	
216. $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text{Ag. pelianthinus, } Fr. \\ \text{,, balaninus, } B. \\ \text{.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{aurantio-marginatus, } Fr. \\ \text{.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{217.} \left\{\begin{array}{l} \text{,, elegans, } Pers. \\ \text{,, rubro-marginatus, } Fr. \\ \text{,, var. fusco-purpureus, } Lasch \\ \text{.} \\ $	156a
$\mathbf{z}_{10}$ . $\{ \mathbf{z}_{10}, \mathbf{b}_{10}, \mathbf{z}_{10}, \mathbf{z}_$	156 <i>b</i>
,, aurantio-marginatus, Fr	
217 ( ,, elegans, Pers	284a
211. ( ,, rubro-marginatus, $Fr$	284 <i>b</i>
,, var. fusco-purpureus, Lasch	. —
( ,, rosellus, $Fr$	181a
218. $\{ \}$ ,, strobilinus, $Fr$	131 <i>b</i>
(,, var. coccineus, Sow.	181 c
o. Adonideze. Gills entirely of one colour.	
Pileus pure coloured, bright, not brownish	
or greyish. Growing on the ground.	
219. Ag. purus, Pers	157
pseudopurus, Cke.	158a
$\mathcal{L}^{220}$ . $\{$ , zephirus, $Fr$	158 <i>b</i>
adonis, Bull	185a
ZZ1. ( ,, lineatus, Bull	185 <i>b</i>
( ,, luteo-albus, Bolt	159a
222. $\langle ,, \text{ flavo-albus, } Fr$	159 <i>b</i>
219. Ag. purus, Pers.  220. { , , pseudopurus, Cke. }	159 c
c. RIGIDIPEDES. Stem rigid, somewhat root- ing, usually growing on wood, often cæspi-	
tose. Gills at first white then becoming	·
grey or red	
228 Ag proliferus Fr	225
220. 21g. promotus, 17.	148
nsammicola R & Rr	1864
225. $\begin{cases} \text{"rigoris. } Fr. \end{cases}$	1863
226 sudorus. Fr.	206
227 galericulatus. Scop.	222
var. calonus. Fr.	223a
228. , polygrammus. Bull.	228 b
parabolicus, Fr.	224a
tintinnabulum, Fr.	. 224 <i>b</i>
228. Ag. proliferus, $Fr$ .  224. ,, excisus, $Lasch$ . var.  225. { ,, psammicola, $B$ . $G$ $Br$ .     rugosus, $Fr$ .  226. ,, sudorus, $Fr$ .  227. ,, galericulatus, $Scop$ .  228. { ,, var. calopus, $Fr$ .     polygrammus, $Bull$ .  229. { ,, parabolicus, $Fr$ .     ; tintinnabulum, $Fr$ .	

d	FRAGILIPEDES. Stem fragile. Gills be-	
w.	coming discoloured. Usually strong	
	scented, and growing singly on the	
	ground.	
	<b>G</b>	
	Ag. atro-albus, Bolt	005
		285a
	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2858
		286a
		286 <i>b</i>
		237
		187a
	234. ,, alcalinus, Fr 187b,	
		238a
	( ),	238 <i>b</i>
	,, peltatus, $Fr$	
		188a
	( ),	1886
	237. \ ,, vitreus, Fr	160a
	201. , tenuis, Bolt	1608
	Thereman Cham About the Assist	
e.	FILIPEDES. Stem thread-like, flaccid,	
	rooting. Gills paler at the edge and	
	becoming discoloured.	
	becoming discoloured.  238. { Ag. filopes, Bull	161a
	200. , Iris, Berk	1616
	—— ,, mirabilis, C. & Q	
	289. ,, amictus, Fr	286
	$( \cdot , \cdot $	189a
	240. $\{ \ , \ \text{vitilis}, Fr. \ . \ .$	1898
	( collariatus, Fr	189c
	( speireus, Fr	190a
	241. \ , tenellus, Fr	1906
	( ,, acicula, Schff	190c
_		
ſ.	LACTIPEDES. Containing a milky juice,	
	which is usually coloured.	
	242. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Ag. hæmatopus, } Fr. \\ \text{,, cruentus, } Fr. \\ \end{array} \right.$ 243. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{,, sanguinolentus, } Fr. \\ \text{,, crocatus, } Fr. \\ \end{array} \right.$ 244. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{,, chelidonius, } Fr. \\ \text{,, galopus, } Fr. \\ \end{array} \right.$	162a
	242 cruentus. Fr.	1626
	sanguinolentus Fr.	163a
	243. crocatus. Fr.	1638
	chelidonina Er	207a
	244. ) galonna Fr	2078
		2010
g.	GLUTINIPEDES. Stem viscid.	
	Ag. epipterygius, Fr	208a
	$\{$ ,, clavicularis, $Fr$ .	2088
		191a
	" tulgaris, Pers	1916
	• • •	

247. $ \begin{cases} Ag. \text{ citrinellus, } Pers. \\ ,, \text{ plicato-crenatus, } Fr. \\ ,, \text{ roridus, } Fr. \end{cases} $	. 248a
247 plicato-crenatus, Fr.	. 2486
. roridus, Fr.	. 248c
h. Basipedes. Stem dry, attached by a d	ie
coid or bulbous base.	
Ag. stylobates, Pers	. 249a
248. $\int$ , tenerrimus, $B$ .	. 249 <i>b</i>
),, sacchariferus v. electic	us,
248. Ag. stylobates, Fers	. 249c
(,, sacchariferus, B. & Br.	. 192a
249. 3, discopus, Lev.	. 1926
( ,, pterigenus, Fr	. 192c
i. Insititiæ. Small, abrupt at the base, gi	lls
adnate.	
CAr. corticola. Schum	. 164a
250. $ \begin{cases} \text{Ag. corticola, } \textit{Schum.} \\ \text{, hiemalis, } \textit{Osb.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{setosus, } \textit{Sow.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{capillaris, } \textit{Schum.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{.} \\ \text{juncicola, } \textit{Fr.} \\ \text{.} \end{cases} $	. 1646
( setorus. Som.	. 198a
251 ) capillaris Schum	1988
inneicola Fr	1986
C,, Junctona, 17.	11
SubGen. 8. Omphalia, Fr. Stem cartilaginous, gi	lis
truly decurrent. Pileus somewhat membranaceous.	
A. COLLYBIARII. Pileus from the first dilate	ed,
margin turned in.	
a. Hydrogrammi. Gills narrow, very crowde	<b>7</b>
252. Ag. hydrogrammus, Fr.	
252. Ag. hydrogrammus, Fr	
252. Ag. hydrogrammus, Fr.  —— ,, umbilicatus, Schff.  252. Ag. hydrogrammus, Fr. :	
252. Ag. hydrogrammus, $Fr$ .  ———————————————————————————————————	
252. Ag. hydrogrammus, Fr. ————————————————————————————————————	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyxidati. Gills slightly distant, narrou	. 239 . —— . 287a . 287b
b. Pyridati. Gills slightly distant, narrow  —— Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr  254. { "Postii, Fr   pyxidatus, Bull .   leucophyllus, Fr   striæpileus, Fr   telmatiæus, B. & Cke.   sphagnicola, Berk.   philonotis, Lasch   oniscus, Fr   cæspitosus, Bolt   glaucophyllus, Lasch.   "glaucophyllus, Lasch.   "usticus, Fr   c. Umbelliferi. Gills very distant, brod	. 239 . 287a . 287b  . 194a . 194b . 288a . 288b . 240 . 289a . 289b . 209a . 209b
b. Pyridati. Gills slightly distant, narrou  —— Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr  254. { "Postii, Fr   pyxidatus, Bull .  255. { "leucophyllus, Fr   striæpileus, Fr   256. "telmatiæus, B. & Cke.  257. { "sphagnicola, Berk.   philonotis, Lasch   oniscus, Fr   cæspitosus, Bolt   —— "glaucophyllus, Lasch.   —— "nusticus, Fr  c. Umbelliferi. Gills very distant, brocheriangular, usually thick.	. 239 . 287a . 287b b . 194a . 194b . 288a . 288b . 240 . 289a . 289b . 209a . 209b
b. Pyridati. Gills slightly distant, narrou  —— Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr  254. { "Postii, Fr   pyxidatus, Bull .  255. { "leucophyllus, Fr   striæpileus, Fr   256. "telmatiæus, B. & Cke.  257. { "sphagnicola, Berk.   philonotis, Lasch   oniscus, Fr   cæspitosus, Bolt   —— "glaucophyllus, Lasch.   —— "nusticus, Fr  c. Umbelliferi. Gills very distant, brocheriangular, usually thick.	. 239 . 287a . 287b b . 194a . 194b . 288a . 288b . 240 . 289a . 289b . 209a . 209b
b. Pyridati. Gills slightly distant, narrou  —— Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr  254. { "Postii, Fr   pyxidatus, Bull .  255. { "leucophyllus, Fr   striæpileus, Fr   256. "telmatiæus, B. & Cke.  257. { "sphagnicola, Berk.   philonotis, Lasch   oniscus, Fr   cæspitosus, Bolt   —— "glaucophyllus, Lasch.   —— "nusticus, Fr  c. Umbelliferi. Gills very distant, brocheriangular, usually thick.	. 239 . 287a . 287b b . 194a . 194b . 288a . 288b . 240 . 289a . 289b . 209a . 209b
b. Pyridati. Gills slightly distant, narrou  —— Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr  254. { "Postii, Fr   pyxidatus, Bull .  255. { "leucophyllus, Fr   striæpileus, Fr   256. "telmatiæus, B. & Cke.  257. { "sphagnicola, Berk.   philonotis, Lasch   oniscus, Fr   cæspitosus, Bolt   —— "glaucophyllus, Lasch.   —— "nusticus, Fr  c. Umbelliferi. Gills very distant, brocheriangular, usually thick.	. 239 . 287a . 287b b . 194a . 194b . 288a . 288b . 240 . 289a . 289b . 209a . 209b
b. Pyridati. Gills slightly distant, narrow  —— Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr  254. { "Postii, Fr   pyxidatus, Bull .   leucophyllus, Fr   striæpileus, Fr   telmatiæus, B. & Cke.   sphagnicola, Berk.   philonotis, Lasch   oniscus, Fr   cæspitosus, Bolt   glaucophyllus, Lasch.   "glaucophyllus, Lasch.   "usticus, Fr   c. Umbelliferi. Gills very distant, brod	. 239 . 287a . 287b b . 194a . 194b . 288a . 288b . 240 . 289a . 289b . 209a . 209b

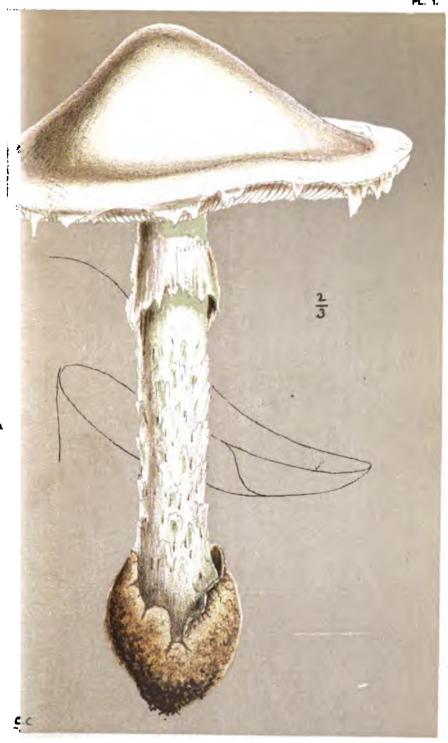
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	271 272a 272b 272c 241a 241b 241c
d. Campanellæ. Gills not like folds, broad, unequal.	
263. {Ag. campanella, Batsch. , pictus, Fr.  264. { , camptophyllus, B. , griseus, Fr. , umbratilis, Fr. , fibula, Bull. , , var. Swartzii.  266. { , directus, B. & Br. , Belliæ, Johnst. , gracillimus, Weinm. , bullula, Brig.  c. Integrelli. Gills fold-like, narrow.	278a 278b 210a 210b 274a 274b 274c 251a 251b 252a 252b
267c. Ag. integrellus, Pers	252c
SubGen. 9. Pleurotus, Fr. Stem excentric, lateral, sometimes absent.	
A. EXCENTRICI. Pileus entire, laterally extended, excentric, not truly lateral; growing on wood.	
Veil annulate.	
268. Ag. corticatus, Fr	290 226 253
Veil none, gills sinuate, or obtusely adnate.	
271. Ag. ulmarius, Bull	227 254 255 256 178a 178b 257a 257b

Veil none, gills very decurrent, stem distin almost vertical.	ct,
277. Ag. pantoleucus, Fr 17 278. ,, mutilus, Fr	79, 275a . 275b
Veil none, gills very decurrent, Pileus later sessile, or extended behind into a stem-li short oblique base.	ike
short oblique base.  279. Ag. ostreatus, Jacq. 280. , var. euosmus, B. 281. , revolutus, Kickx. 282. , salignus, Pers. 283. , acerinus, Fr.	. 195 . 196 . 180 . 228 . 291
B. Dimidiati. Pileus lateral, immarginate behin not at first resupinate.	
284. {Ag. petaloides, Bull ,, serotinus, Schr  —, pulmonarius, Fr 285. ,, mitis, Pers gadinoides, Sm limpidus, Fr ,, reniformis, Fr ,, lauro-cerasi B. & Br. 287. { ,, scerosus, Fr	. 258a . 258b . ————————————————————————————————————
287. { ,, tremulus, Schff , scerosus, Fr C. Resupinati. Pileus resupinate from the fire	. 242b . 242c
then reflexed.	
Pileus fleshy, of uniform substance.	
288. {Ag. porrigens, Pers , septicus, Fr	. 259a . 259b
Pileus fleshy, striate, upper stratum ge tinous. or with a viscid pellicle.	la-
289. $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} & \text{Ag. mastrucatus, } Fr. \\ & \text{,, atrocoeruleus, } Fr. \\ & \text{.} \end{array} \right.$ 290. $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} & \text{Leightoni, } B. & Br. \\ & \text{,, algidus, } Fr. \\ & \text{.} \end{array} \right.$ 291. $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} & \text{full siles, } Fr. \\ & \text{,, cyphellæformis, } B. \\ & \text{,, applicatus, } Batsch. \end{array} \right.$	. 243a . 243b . 260a . 260b . 244a . 244b
Pileus membranaceous, by no means viscid	
292. $ \begin{pmatrix} \text{Ag. Hobsoni, } B. \\ \text{,, striatulus, } Fr. \\ \text{,, hypnophilus, } B. \\ \text{,, chioneus, } Pers. \\ \end{pmatrix} $	. 212a . 212b . 212c . 212d

#### CORRIGENDA.

- PLATE 27. Agaricus (Lepiota) hispidus, Lasch., is very doubtful, perhaps a form of Ag. clypeolarius, Bull.
  - ,, 33. Agaricus (Armillaria) robustus, A. & S., instead of Agaricus aurantius, Schff.
  - ., 49. Agaricus (Tricholoma) murinaceus, Bull. The gills should have been cinereous.
  - , 60. Agaricus (Tricholoma) vaccinus, Pers., instead of Agaricus imbricatus. Fr.
  - ,, 84. Agarious (Clitocybe) inversus, Scop., instead of Agaricus flaccidus, Fr.
  - ,, 138. Agaricus (Clitocybe) ericetorum, Bull., not a Collybia.
  - , 264. Agaricus (Clitocybe) cyanophaus, Fries.. not a Collybia.

The above arrangement of plates is recommended as instructions to the binder for the two volumes. The order of publication would give no assistance in the affinity of species. The printed numbers on the plates are given on the right hand side of the Index, whereas the numbers on the left represent the order adopted in the Index. These might with but little trouble be added to the plates in manuscript, and facilitate reference. If the Index is bound with the preface, at the commencement of Vol. I., this may contain Plates 1 to 144, and the residue in Vol. II, will form two nearly equal volumes.

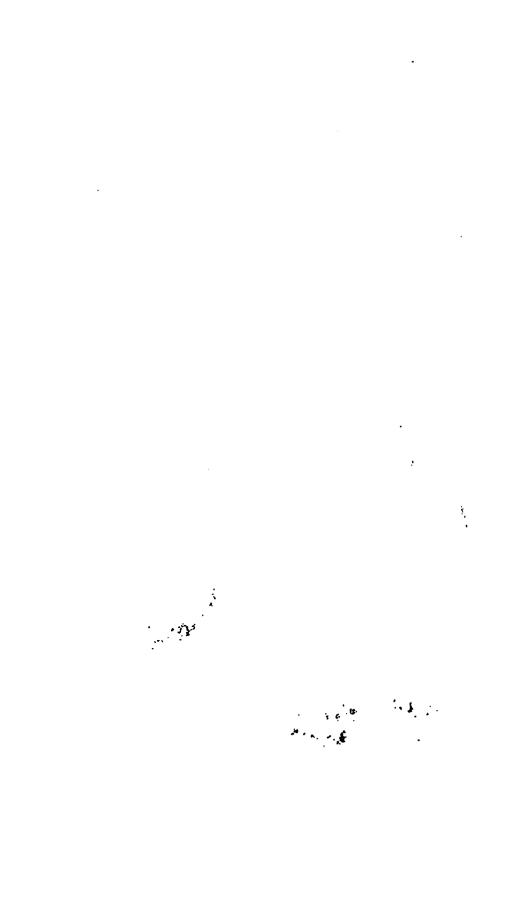


AGARICUS (AMANITA) VIROSUS. FR. in woods. Bungay. Aug. 1865.

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AGARICUS (AMANITA) PHALLOIDES. FR. in 2000ds. Autumn.





AGARICUS (AMANITA) VERNUS. BULL. in woods. Highbeech. Oct. 1880.



AGARICUS (AMANITI) MAPPA. BATSCH.
in woods &c. Downton. Sept. 1874.

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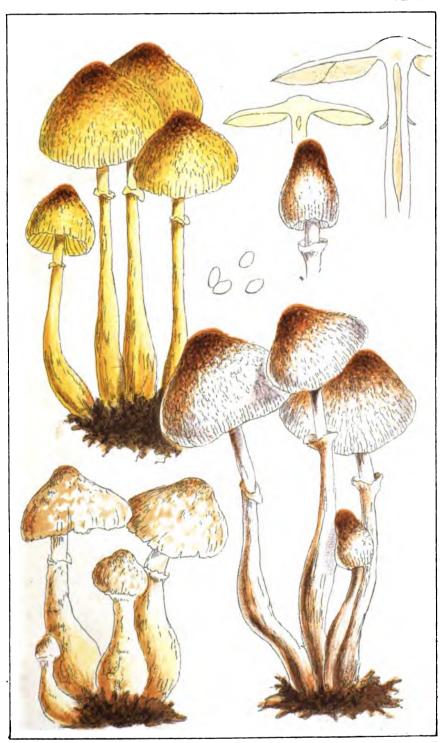
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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) CEPÆSTIPES. Sow.
in greenhouses.

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AGARICUS (AMANITA) PANTHERINUS. FR.
Haywood Forest. and Highgate. 1862.

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AGARIGUS (AMANITA) EXCELSUS. FR. in woods, under Beech, Epping.

• . **;** •



AGARICUS (AMANITA) STROBILIFORMIS. FR. on lawn. Stretton. Sept. 1871.

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AGARICUS (AMANITA) RUBESCENS. FR.
under trees. Autumn.

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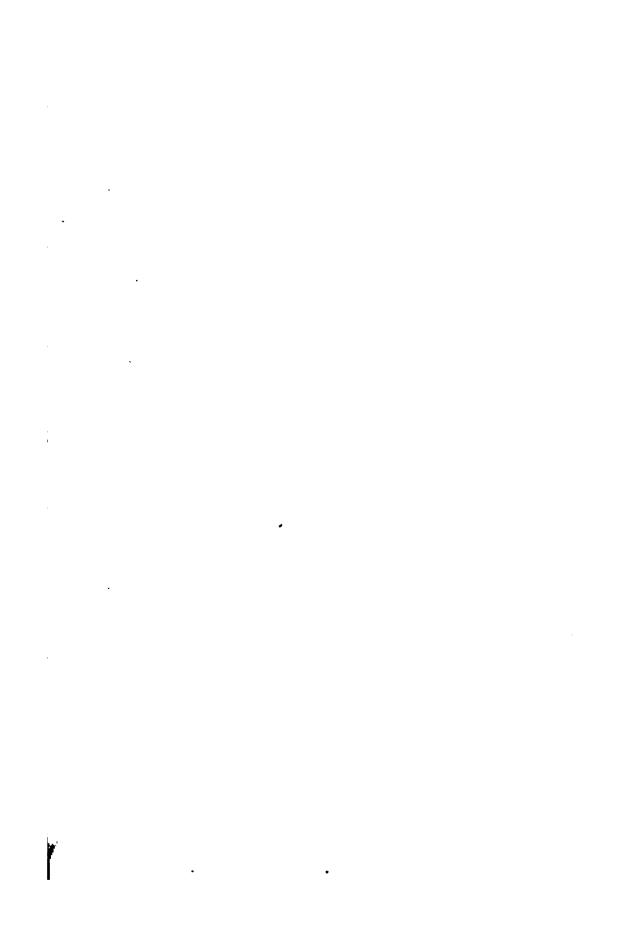


AGARICUS /AMANITA) ASPER. FR. under trees. Highgate. Oct. 1863.





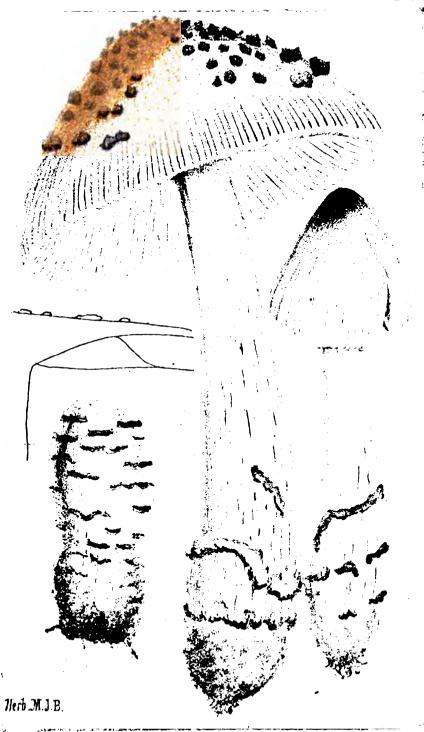
AGARICUS (AMANITA) MEGALODACTYLUS. B. in woods. near Stamford.





AGARICUS (AMANITA) VAGINATUS. FR. in woods.





AGARICUS (AMANITA) STRANGULATUS. FR

•



AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) ACUTESQUAMOSUS. FR. in gardens. Highgate. 1862.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) NAUCINUS FR in cucumber frame. Oct. 1874



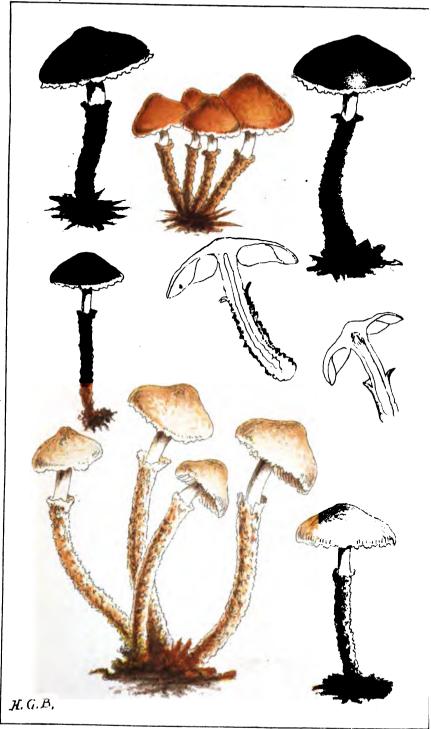
AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA) MUCIDUS. FR. on Beech trunks. Oct. 1874





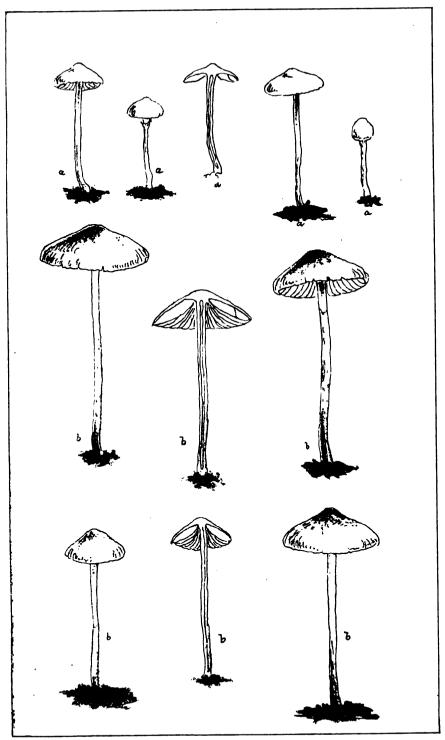
AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) LENTICULARIS. LASCH.
in woods. Coed Coch. Oct. 1880.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) GRANULOSUS. Balsch.
amongst grass.



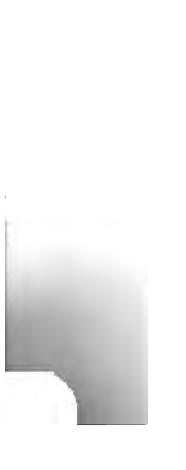


a. AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) SEMINUDUS. Lasch. b. AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) BUCKNELLI. Berk. near Bristol.

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AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA) BULBIGER. Fr Dinedor Camp.



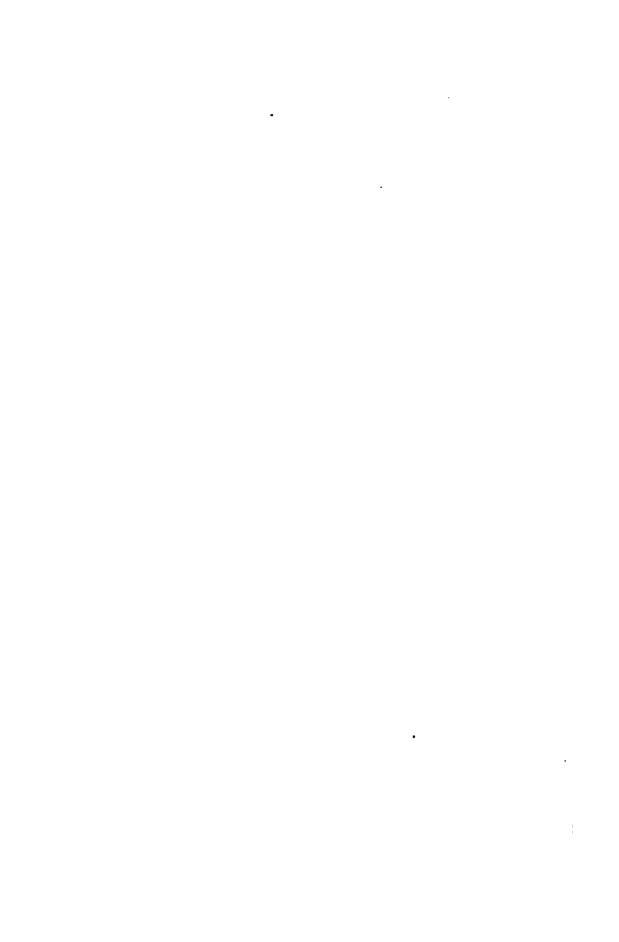
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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) PROCERUS. Scop. in grassy places.



AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) RHACODES. Vill. in pastures. Sc.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) EXCORIATUS. Schf.

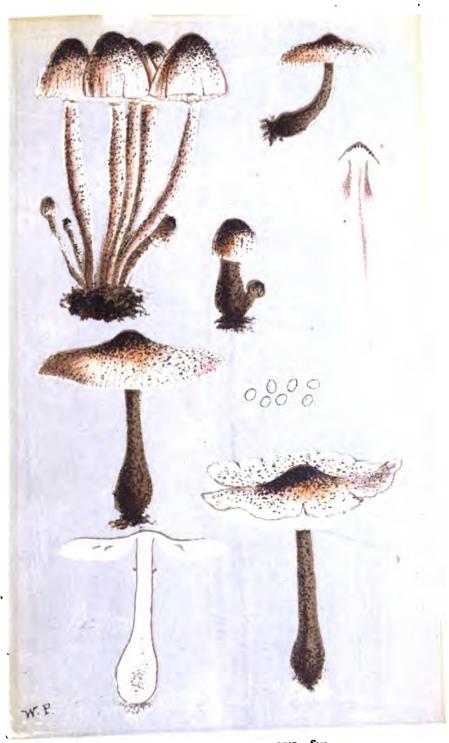


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MASTOIDEUS. Fries.

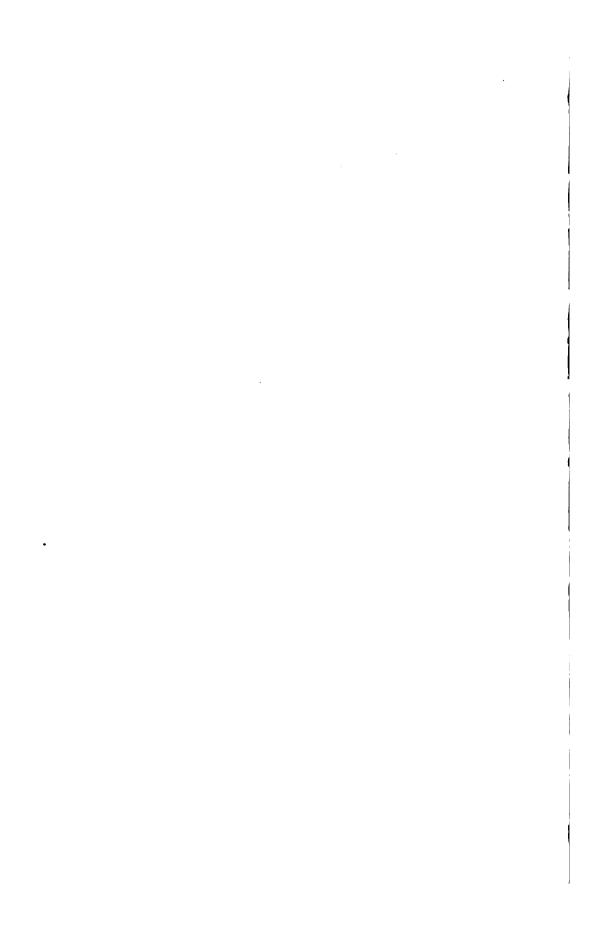




AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) BADMAMI. B. and Br. under you trees &c.



AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MELEAGRIS. Sow. in greenhouses &c. King's Lynn.



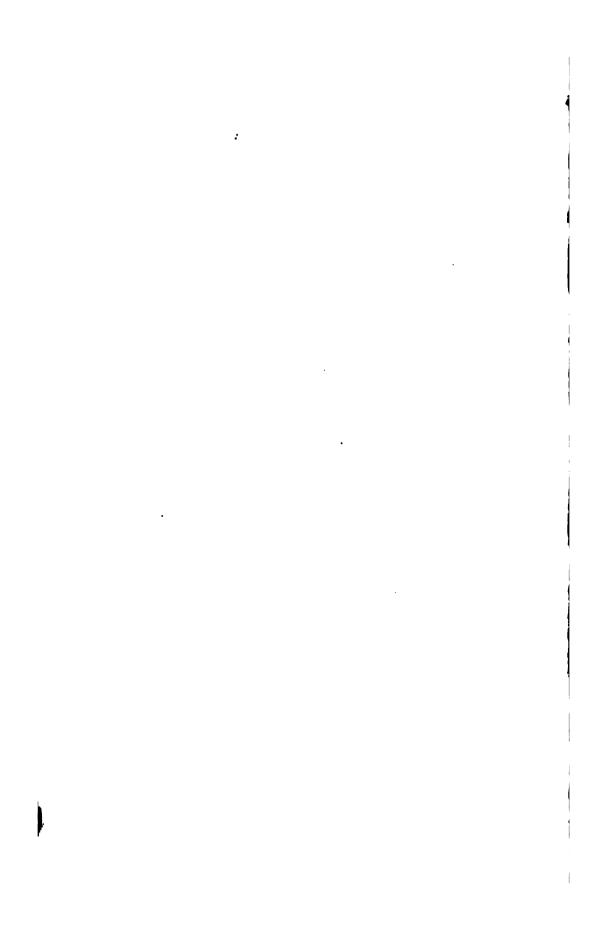


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) HISPIDUS. Lasch. in woods. Dinedor Camp.

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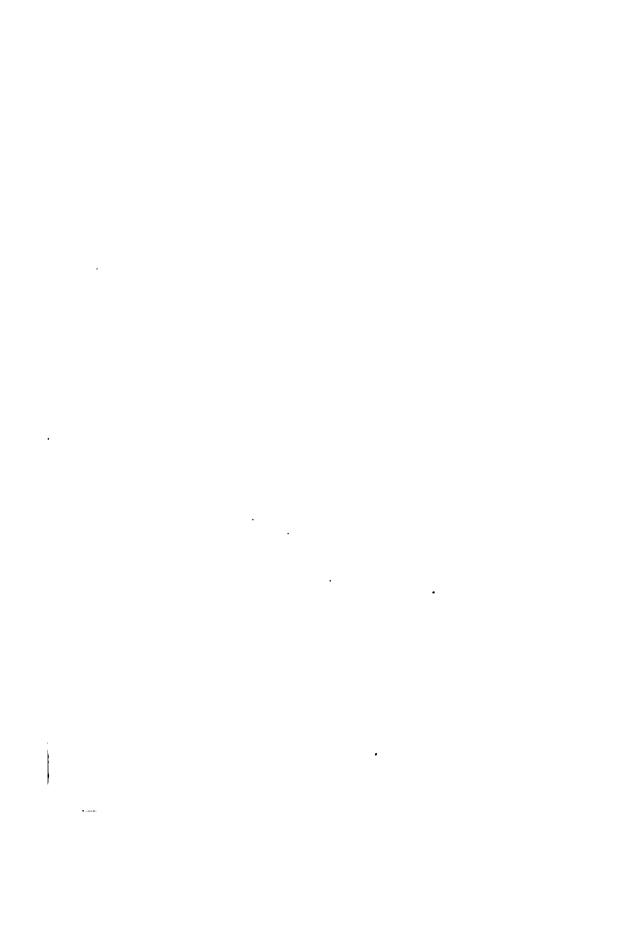


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) GRACILENTUS. Kromb.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CRISTATUS. Fries.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) POLYSTICTUS.  $F_{7}$ . Amongst grass.





AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) FOCALIS, ver. GOLIATH. Fries. in woods,





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AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA) AURANTIUS Fr. in pine woods. Scotland.

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AGARICUS (AMANITA.) MAGNIFICUS. Pries. under beech trees. Highgate Oct. 1863.



AGARICUS (AMANITA.) ADNATUS. Smith. in woods. Somerset.

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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) VITTADINI. Mor.



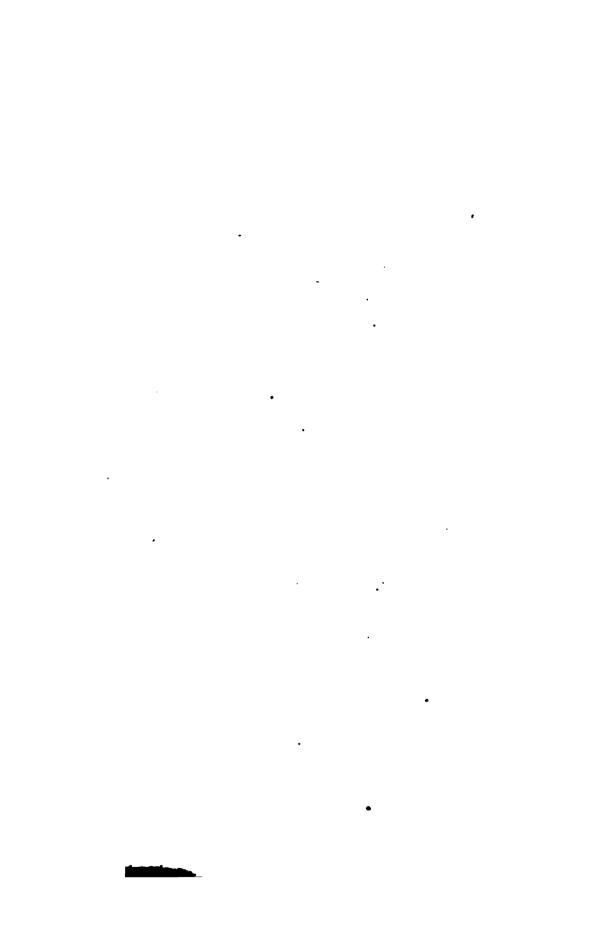


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) BIORNATUS. B. & Br. in hat-heds and stones

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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CLYPEOLARIUS. Bull. in woods.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) METULÆSPORUS. B. & Br. in shady places.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) ERMINEUS. Pries. in grassy places.

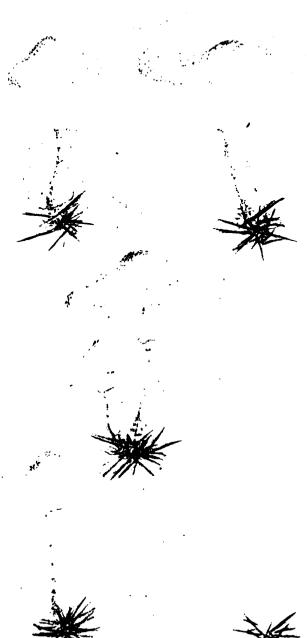
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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) HOLOSERICEUS. Fries. in gardens, and cultivated places.







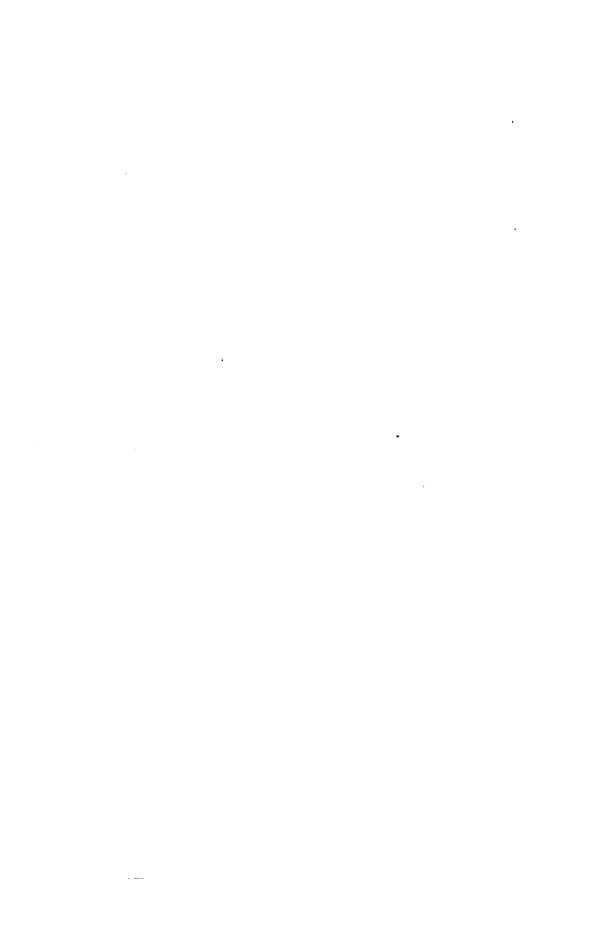
M.C.C.

AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CARCHARIAS. Pers. amongst fir leaves.

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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CINNABARINUS. A. & S. in pine woods. Scotland.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MEDULLATUS. Fries. in pine woods. Glamis. N.B.

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· AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) HÆMATITES. B. & Br. amongst fir leaves. Glamis.

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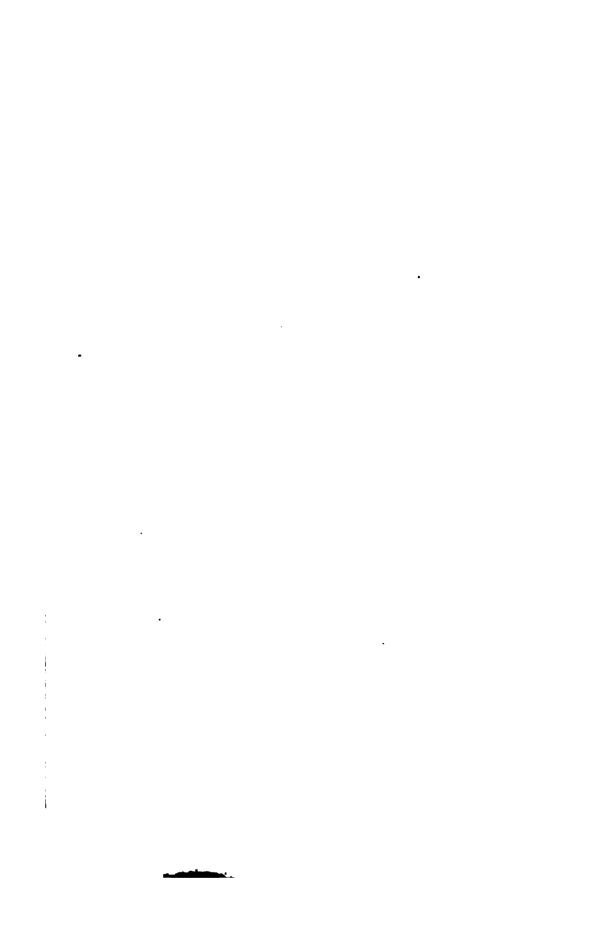
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AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) CONSTRICTUS. Fries. in grassy places.



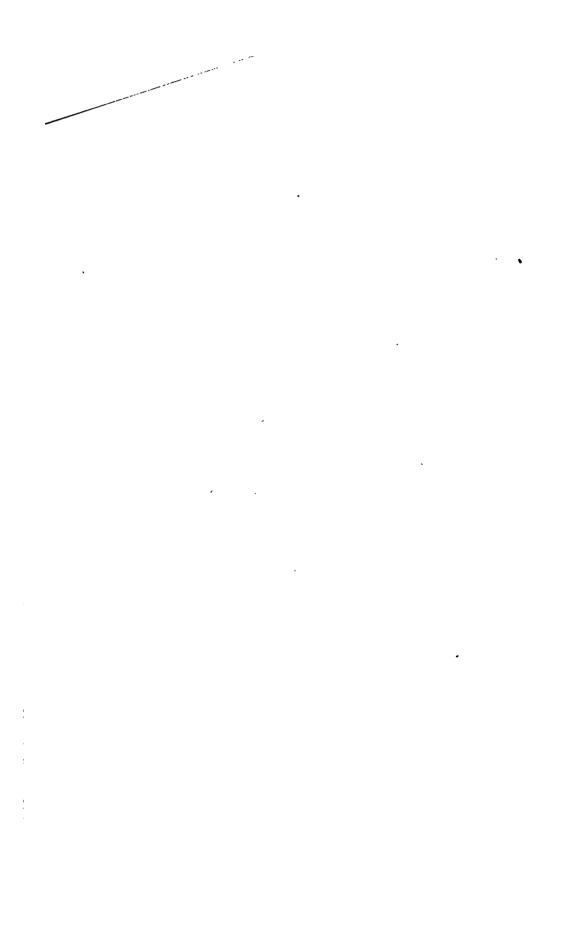


AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) SUBCAVUS. Schum.
in fir woods.



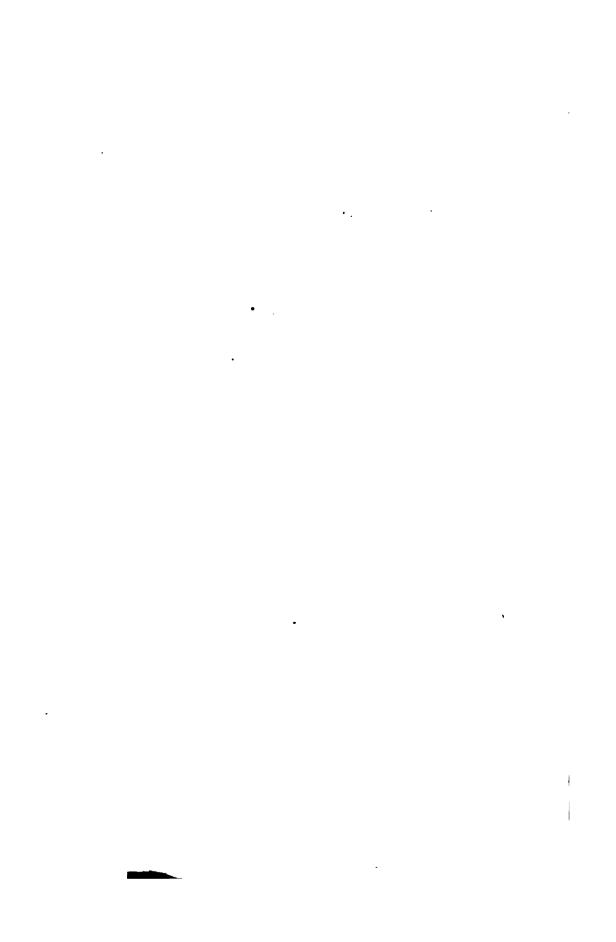
M.C.C

AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) COLUMBETTA. Fries. in woods and shady places. Hereford.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) MURINACEUS. Bull. in woods. Dinmore. Oct. 1871.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) TERREUS. Schæff. amongst grass. Common.

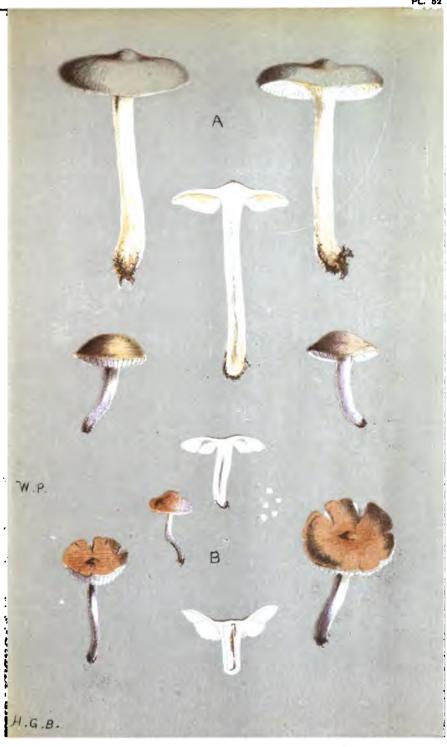
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ATRO-SQUAMOSUS. Chev. in grassy places. Dorking. Nov. 1880.

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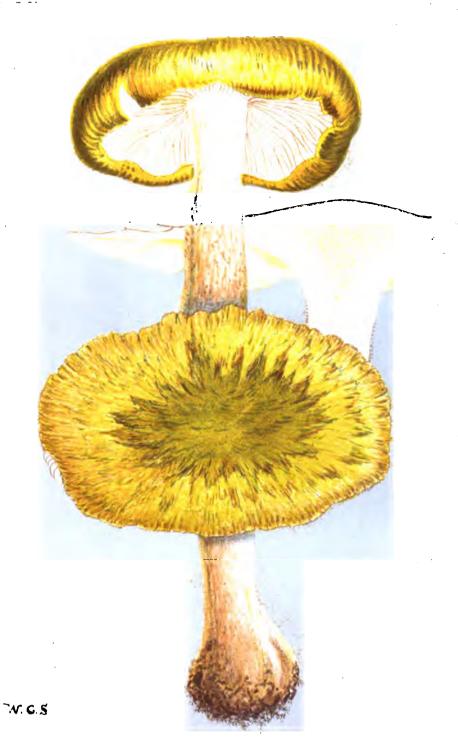
PL. 52



A- AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ATRO-CINEREUS. Pers.
on the ground. Shrewsbury.

B- AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CUNEIFOLIUS. Fries.
in grassy places.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SEJUNCTUS. Sou.

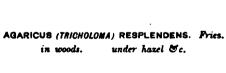
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) PORTENTOSUS. Fries.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) NICTITANS. Fries.
11 woods. Holm Lacey 1868.





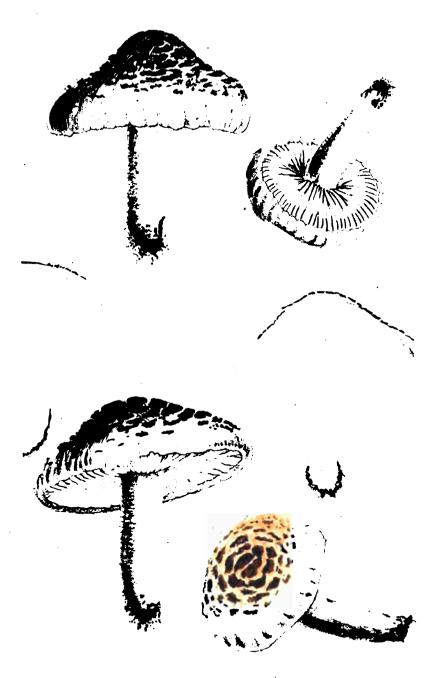
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) FLAVO-BRUNNEUS. Fries. in woods. under beech Ge.

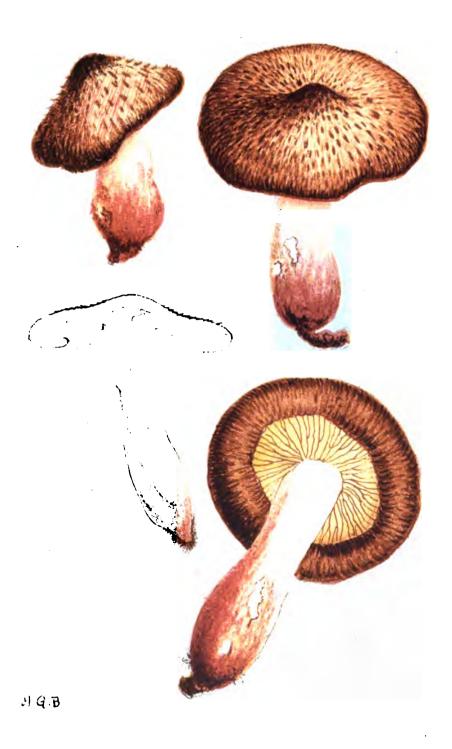
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T. H.

AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) GUTTATUS. Schæff.
margin of woods. Downton 1878.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) IMBRICATUS. Fries. in fir woods.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) IMMUNDUS. Berk. amongst short grass.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SULPHUREUS. Bull in woods. Haywood Forest.

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H.G.B

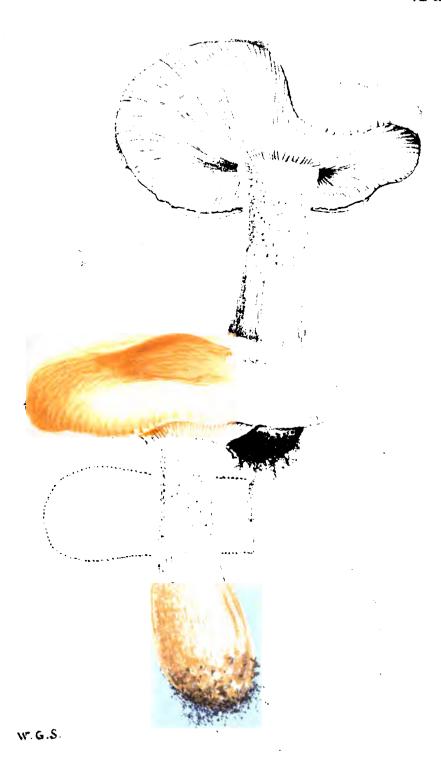
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) TIGRINUS. Schaff.
in fir woods.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ALBUS. Fries.
in woods. Whitfield.

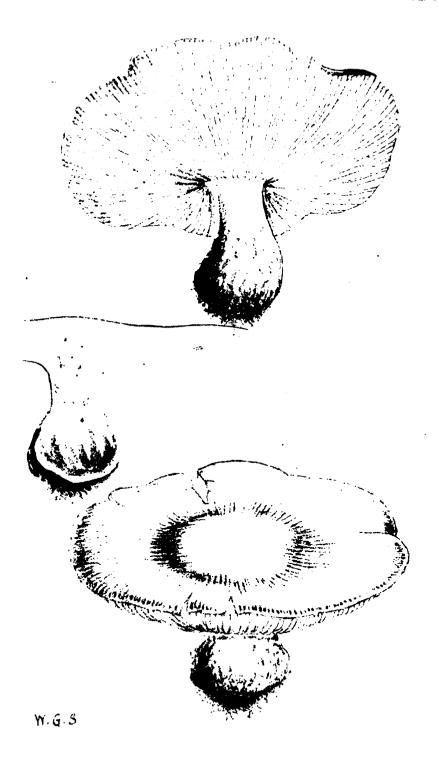
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) PERSONATUS. Fries. in pastures.



AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) NUDUS. Bull. in plantations &c. Dorking



AGARICUS (THICHOLOMA.) BREVIPES. Bull. in plantations.

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AGARICUS (AMANITA.) SPISSUS. Pr. Combe Place, Lewes.

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AGARICUS (AMANITA.) NITIDUS. Fries. on the ground.

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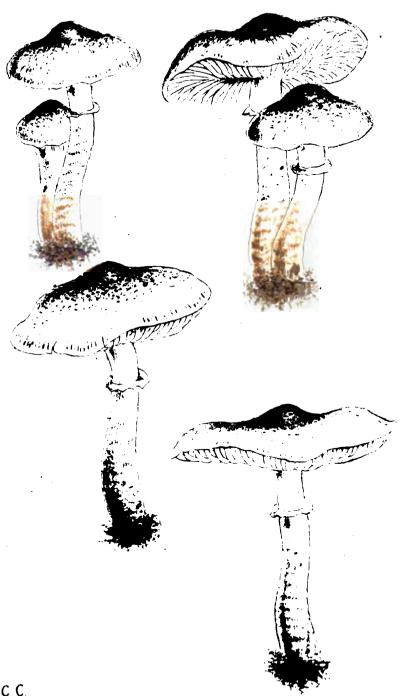
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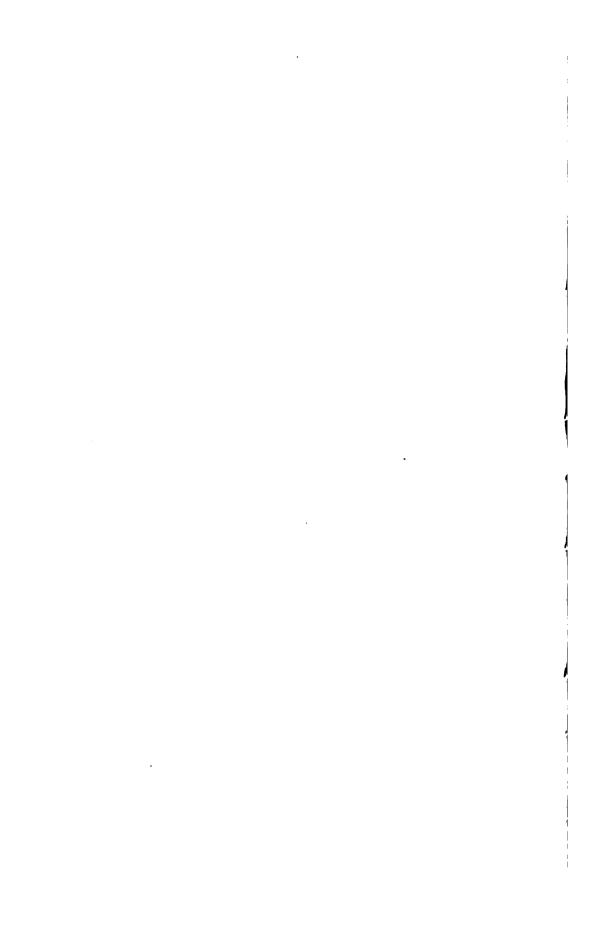
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M.C.C.

AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) RAMENTACEUS Bull. under trees. Hampstead, Sept. 1862.



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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) EQUESTRIS. Linn. in pine woods.



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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) FUCATUS. Fries. in pine woods.

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M C. C

AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) QUINQUEPARTITUS. Fries, amongst pine leaves.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) COLOSSUS. Fries.
under Scotch firs.

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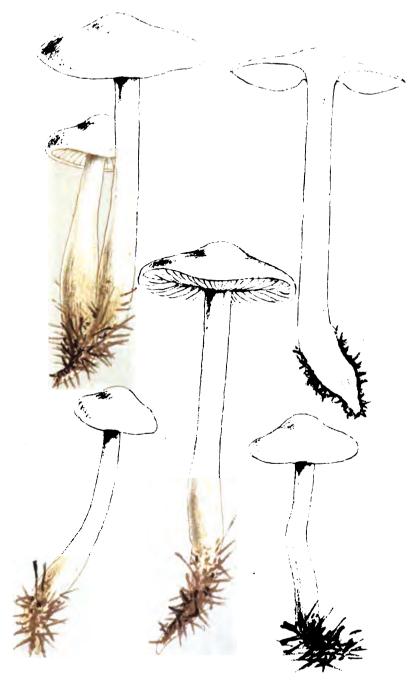
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ACERBUS. Fries, in shady woods.

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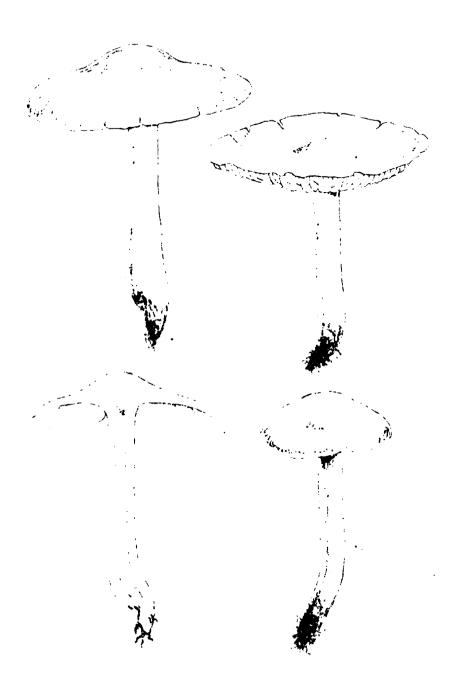
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) INAMÆNUS. Fries.
amongst pine leaves.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LEUCOCEPHALUS. Fries. in woods amongst leaves.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYSE.) NEBULARIS Batech.
amonget leaves. Dinedor Camp. Oct. 1875.





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AGARICUS (CLITOOYSE.) CLAVIPES. Fr. in woods Dorking. Nov. 1880.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) PHYLLOPHILUS. Fries. amongst dead leaves. Dorking. Nov. 1880.

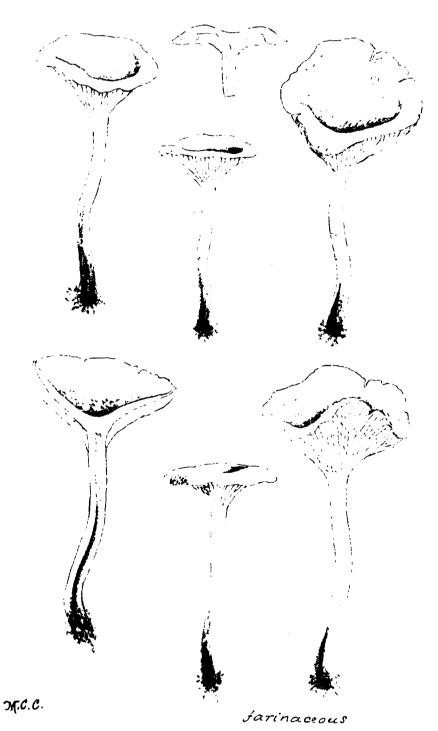
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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) CANDICANS. Pers. in moist places, amongst leaves &c.

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AGARICUS (CUTOCYBE.) GEOTROPUS. Bull in woods.



AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) FLACCIDUS. Some.
amongst leaves. Kew 1880.

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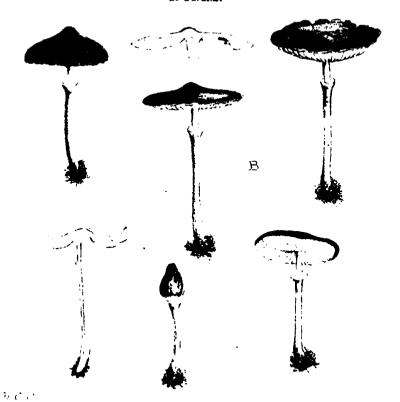
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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) SISTRATUS. Fries.
in Gardens.

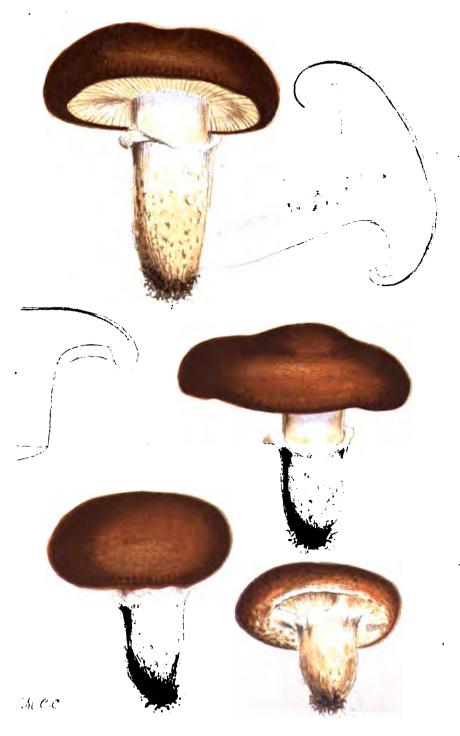


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MESOMORPHUS. Bull. in woods. New Forest.

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AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) ROBUSTUS. var MINOR. Fr.
in woods. Lyndhurst.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SPERMATICUS. Fr. in woods.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) USTALIS. Fr. in woods' Loughton 1881.

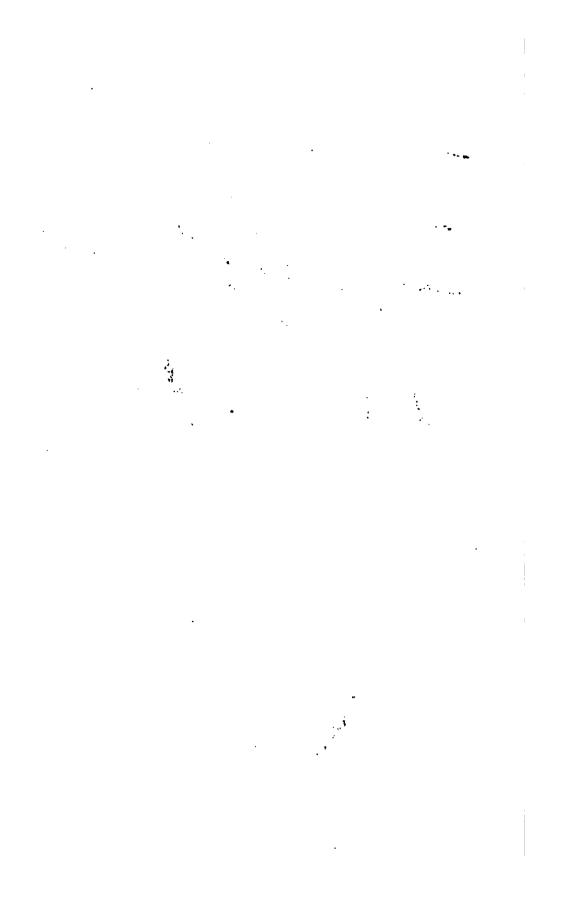
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agaricus (TRICHOLOMA) RUTILANS. Schaffabout stumps. Dinedor 1881.



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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ORI-RUBENS. Quelet. on the ground. Near Hereford Oct. 1881.

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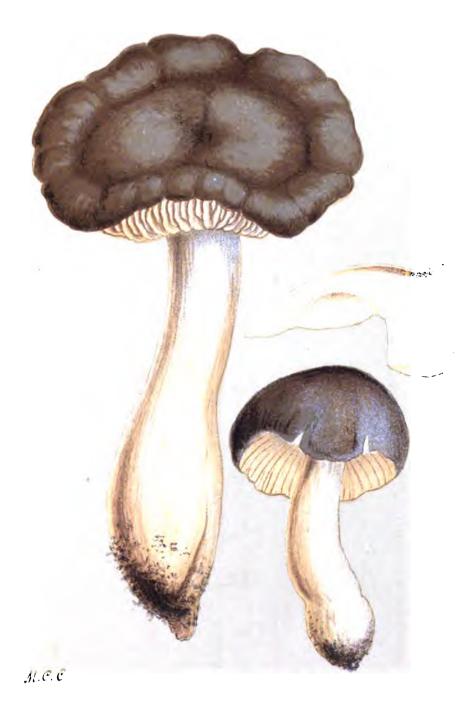
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CRASSIFOLIUS. Berk. in pine woods.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) TUMIDUS. Pers. in moist pine woods. Coed Coch.

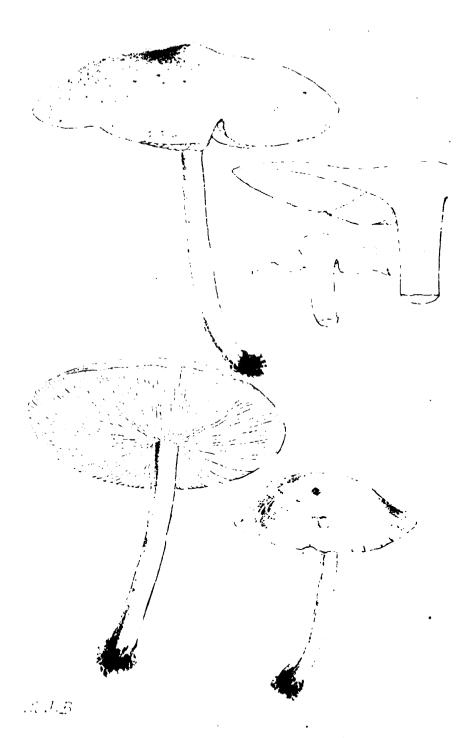


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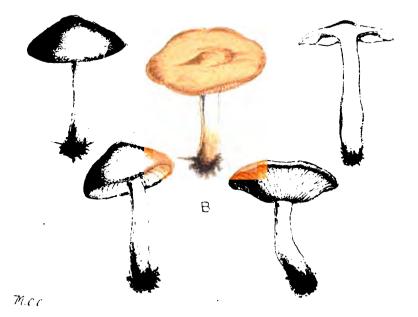
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LASCIVUS. Fr. 14 woods—slender form.

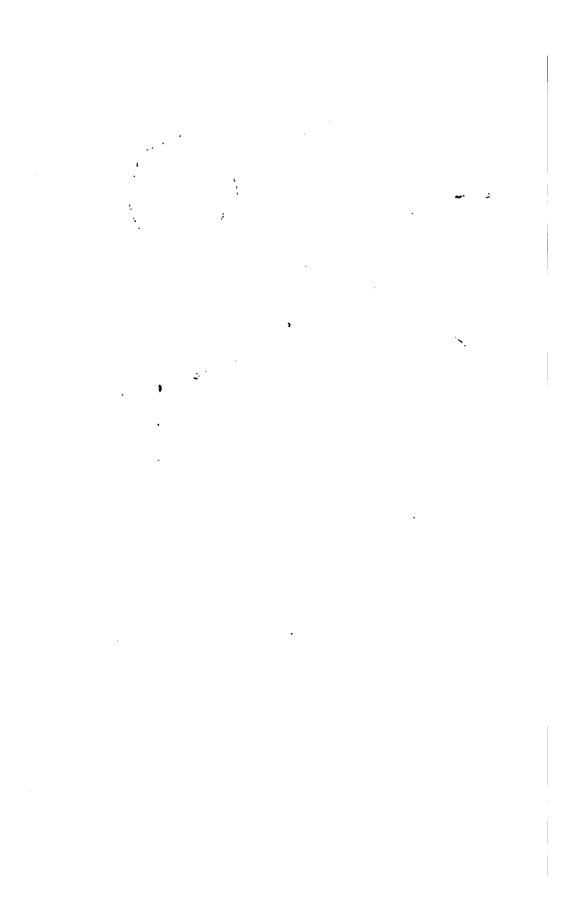
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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) IONIDES. Fr. in moist woods.





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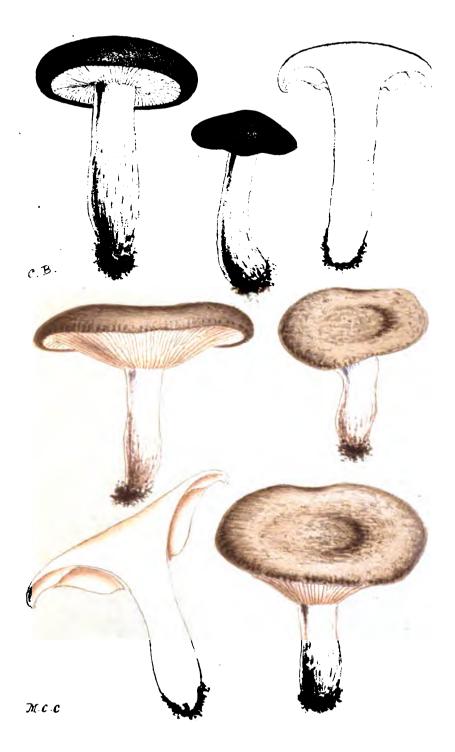




a. AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) CARNEUS. Fr. amongst grass. Hampstead Heath

b. AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CŒLATUS. Fr.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) PANÆOLUS, Pr. in grassy places. King's Lynn 1881.

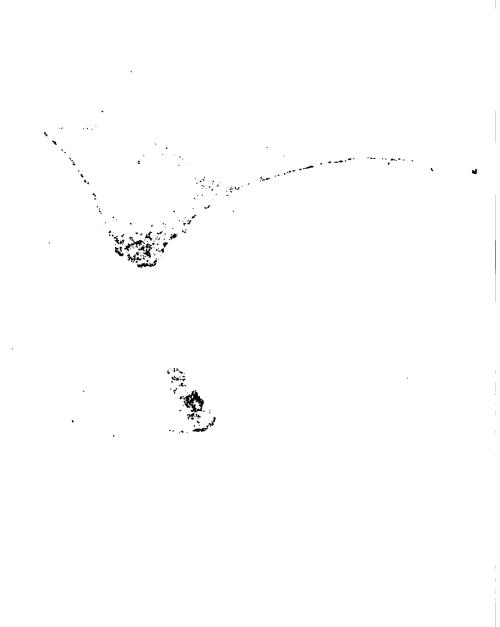
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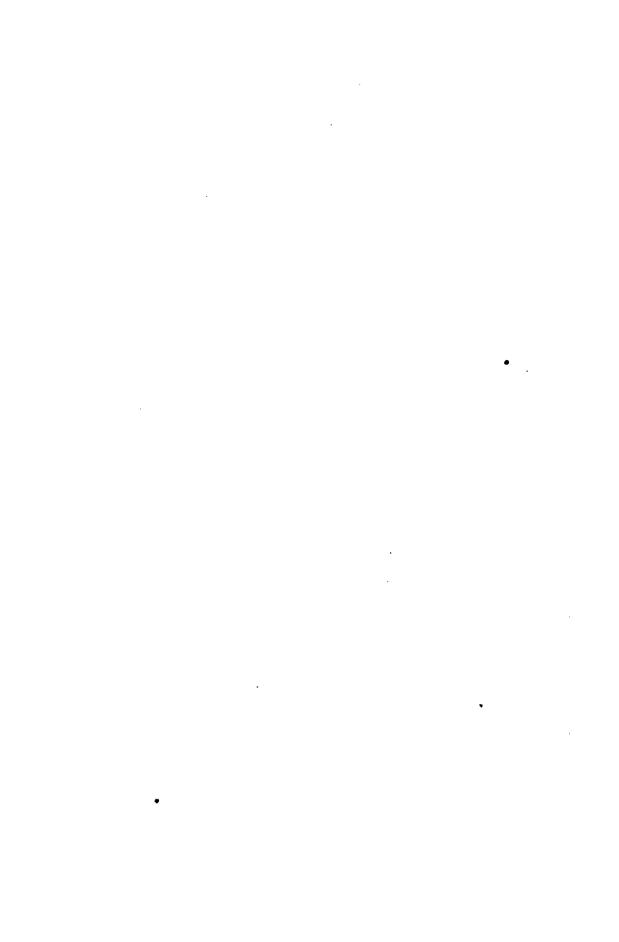


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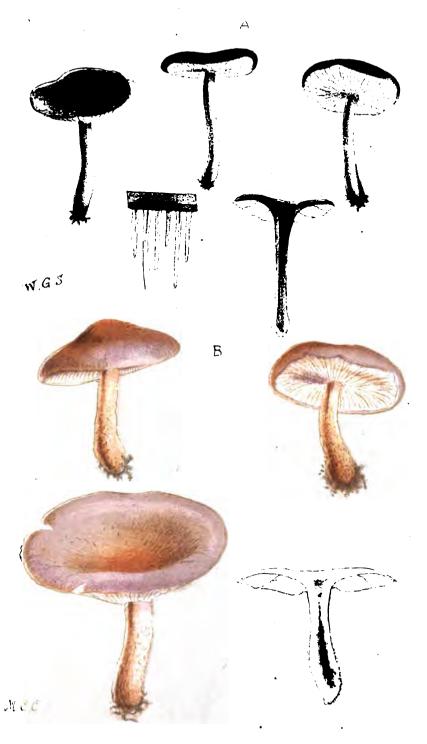


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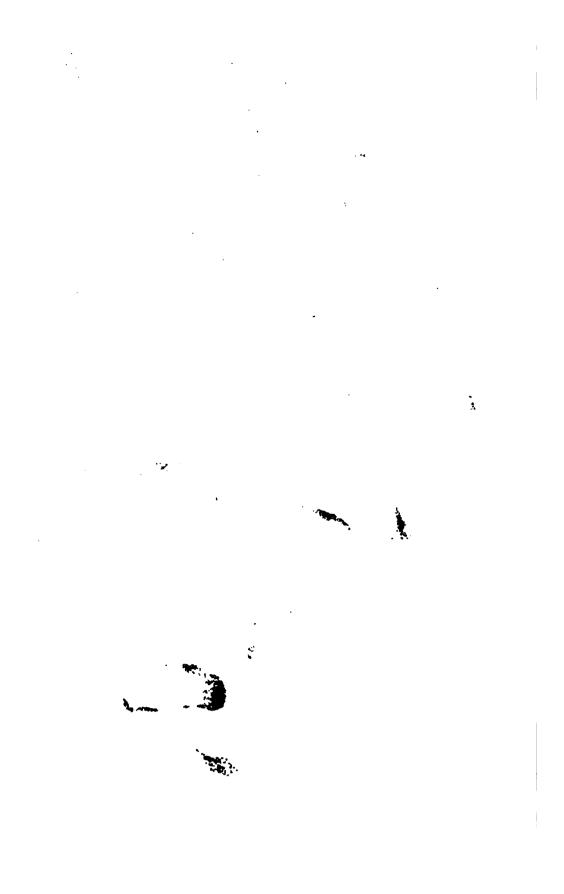
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) HUMILIS. Pr. on moist ground. Moccas Park.

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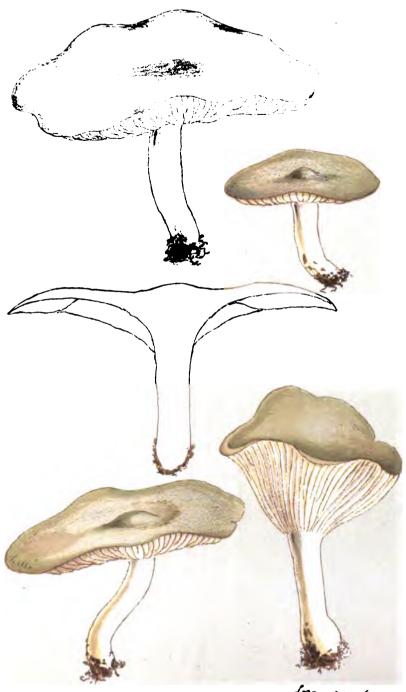
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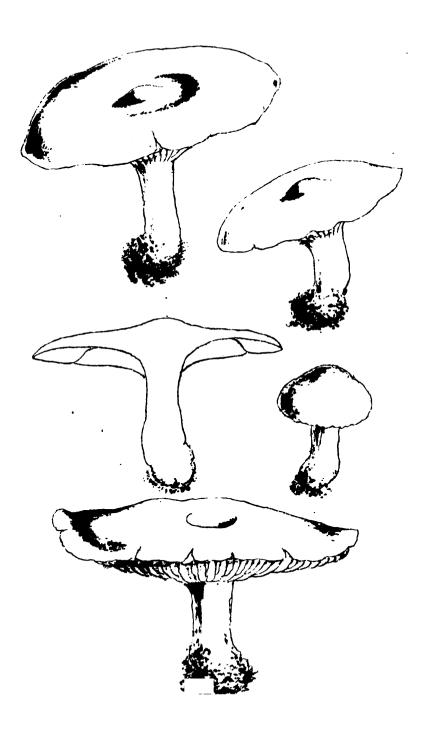


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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) ODORUS. Bull. in woods and shade Alease Walled

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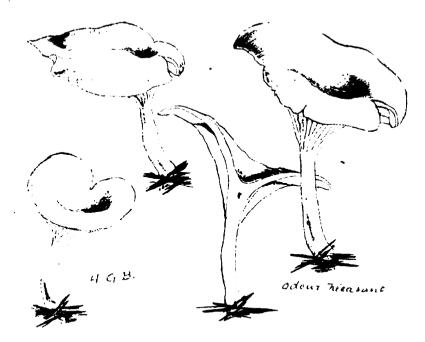
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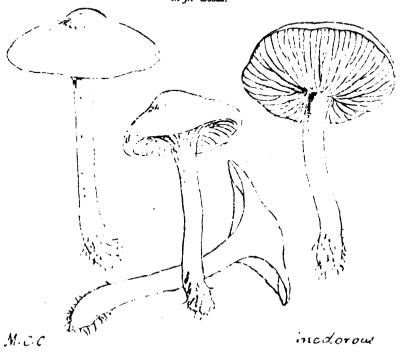
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AGARICUS (CUITOCYBE, ) PITHYOPHILUS. Fries.
in fir woods.



AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) TORNATUS. Pries. in woods. Berkshire.

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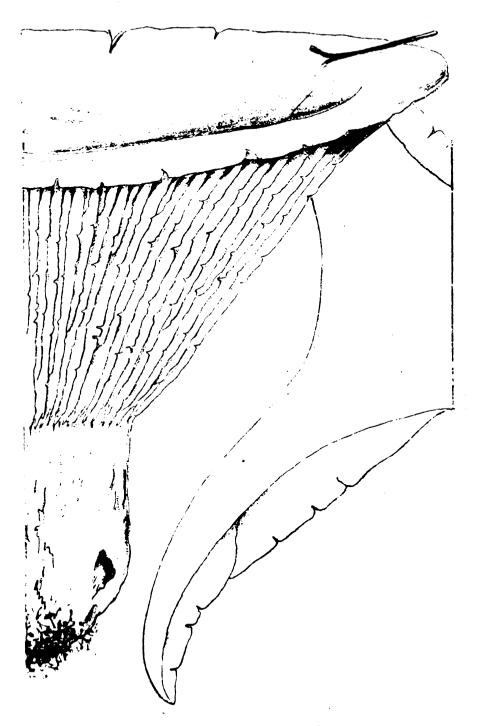


AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) TUMULOSUS. Kalchl. in 1000ds. near Hereford.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) GIGANTEUS. Sow. in woods. Colwyn 1880.

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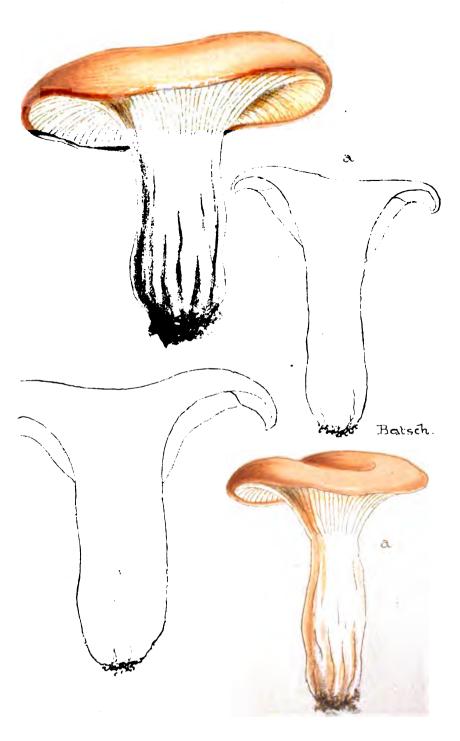
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AGARICUS (CUTOCYBE.) INFUNDIBULIFORIMS. Schaff. in woods. Aug. & Sopt.



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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) SUB-INVOLUTUS. Batsch.
in woods. Buckinghamshire.

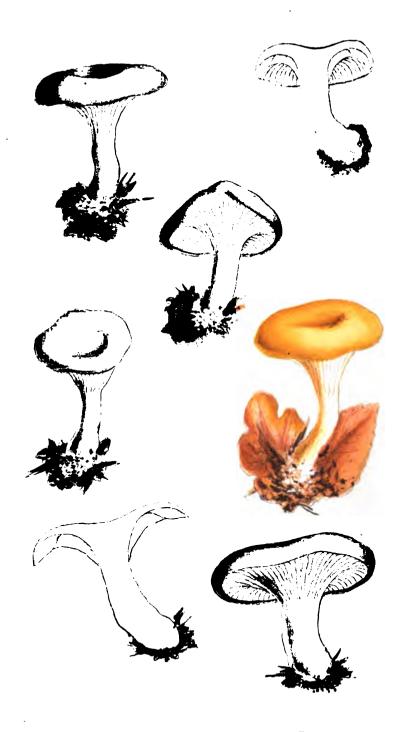




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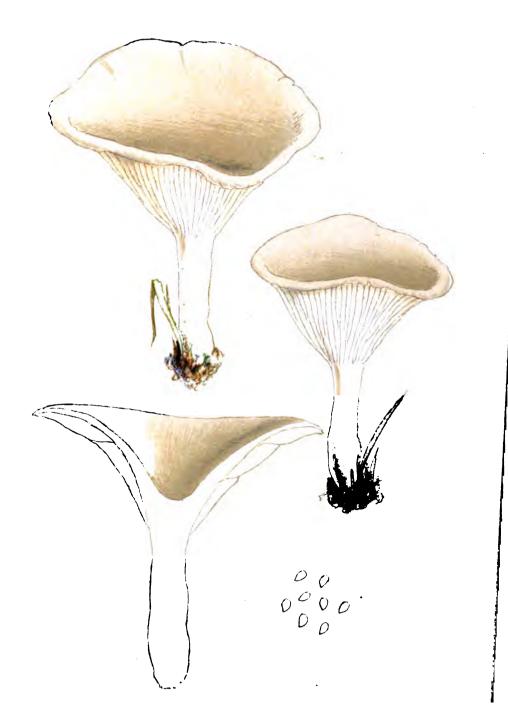


AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) SPLENDENS. Fries. amongst dead leaves. Neasden Sept. 1881.



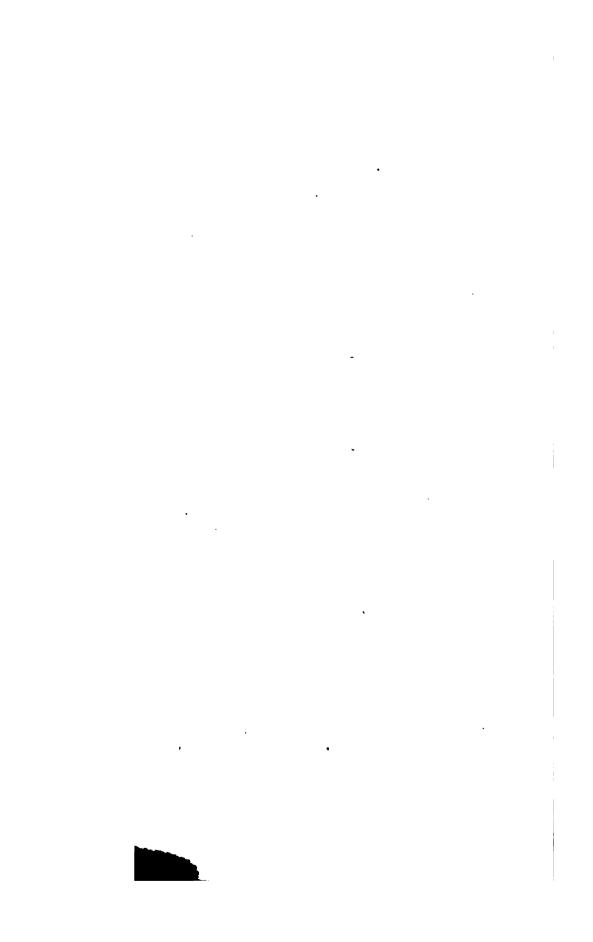


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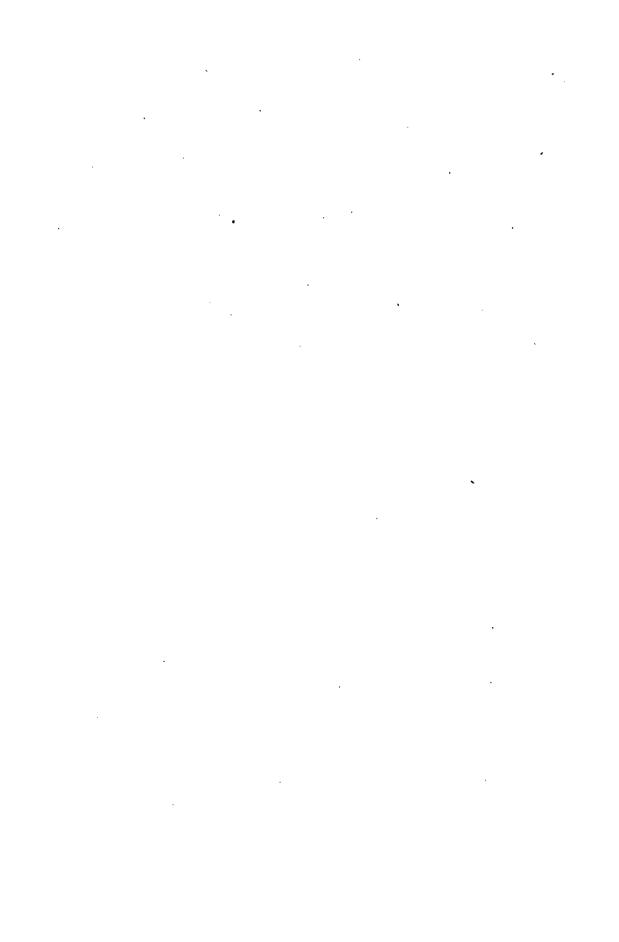


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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) TUBA. Fries. on dead leaves & Kew Gardens 1881.



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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) CYATHIFORMIS. Fr. in woods. near Hereford. October 1881.

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AGARIGUS (OLITOOYBE.) BRUMALIS. Fries. in fir woods. Dinedor 1871. Black Park 1881.

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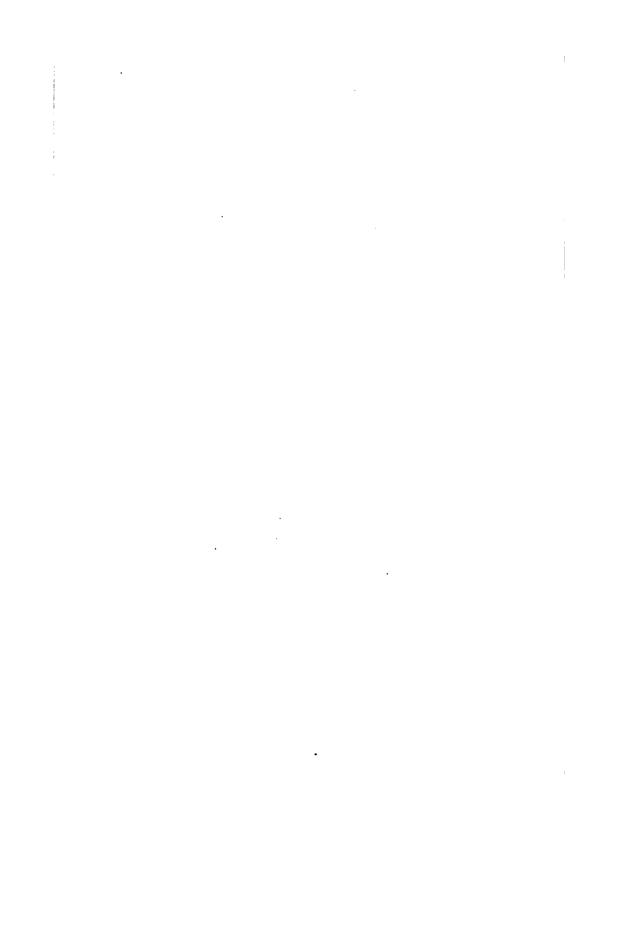
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AGARICUS (CLITOCISE.) METACHROUS. Fries.
amongst pine leaves. Black Park 1881.





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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) DITOPUS. Fries. amongst dead leaves. Moccas Park 1881.



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AGARICUS (AMANITA.) MUSCARIUS. Fries.
In woods. Breinton Sept. 1876.

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AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) DELICATUS. Fries.

about old trees.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) MELALEUCUS, Fries.

A. Typical form. B. var PORPHYROLEUCUS. Bull.

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AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LIXIVIUS. Fries.
in pine woods.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE) CERUSSATUS. Fries.

Amongst dead leaves. Dinedor, Oct. 1872.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) CERUSSATUS. Fries. var. DIFFORMIS Schum.



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AGARICUS (GLITOCYRE.) FLACCIDUS. Fries.
Amongst leaves. Dinedor 1881.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYSE.) FLACCIDUS. Fries.
Amongst leaves. Dinedor 1881.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) FRAGRANS. Sow.

Amongst moss. Dinmore. Oct. 1880.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) ANGUSTISSIMUS. Lasch.
Amongst leaves. Coed Coch Oct. 1880.

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AGARICUS (OLITOCYBE) ECTYPUS. Fries. In damp places. Killarney. Dec. 1881.



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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) SADLERI. Berk. in stove. Botanic Gardens. Edinburgh.

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AGARICUS (COLLYBIA) PLATYPHYLLUS. Fries.
On the ground, amongst leaves &c. Kew.

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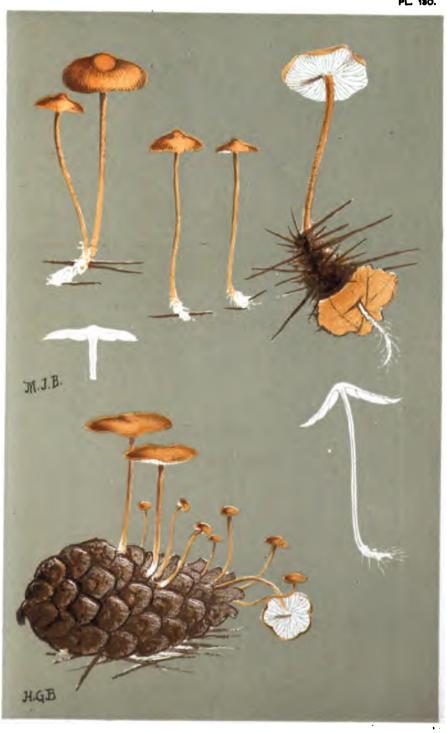
AGARICUS (COLLYBIA.) MIMICUS. Smith. On shavings. (Somerset.) Nov. 1879.



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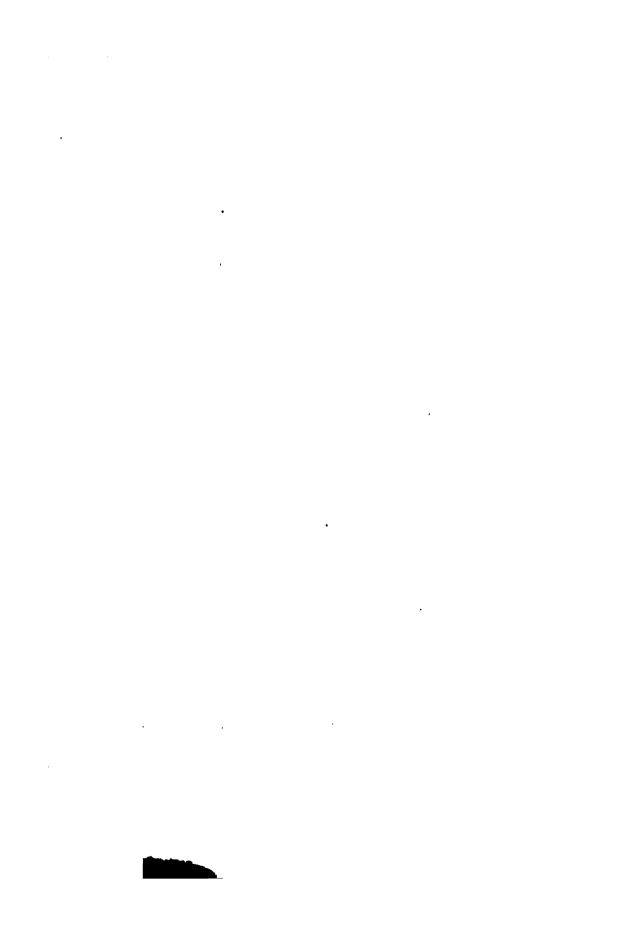
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AGARICUS (GOLLYBIA.) CONIGENUS. Pers. on fir cones. October.

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AGARICUS (MYCENA.) ROSELLUS. Fries. in pine woods. Dinedor 1872.

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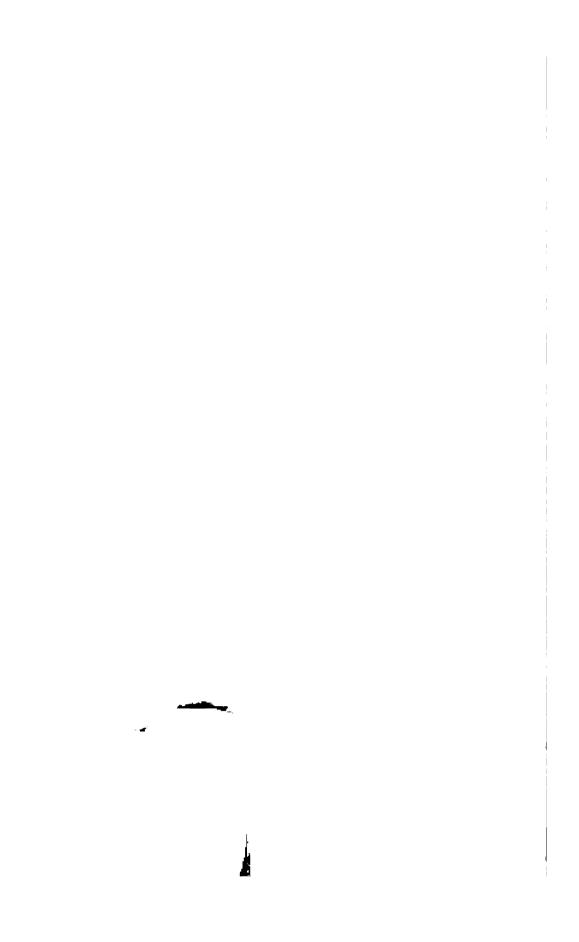
AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) GEORGINÆ. Smith. In cool fernery. Messrs. Veitch's nursery 1870.

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AGARICUS (TMCHOLOMA) NUDUS, Fries,
var. MAJOR.
Amonest dead leaves. Kesa Goodens Non 1881

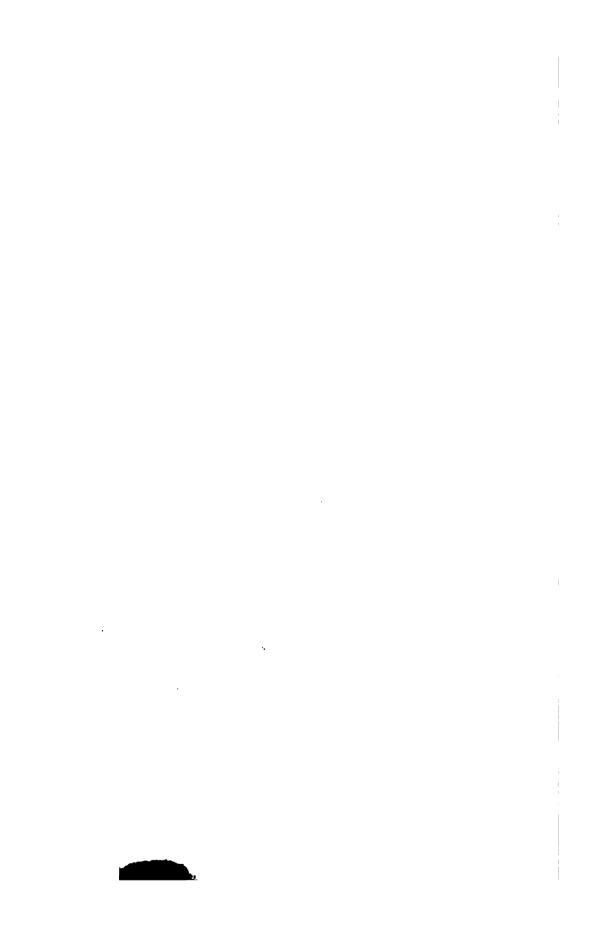




AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) NUDUS, Fries,
var. MAJOR.
Amonest dead leaves. Ken Garden Nov. 188

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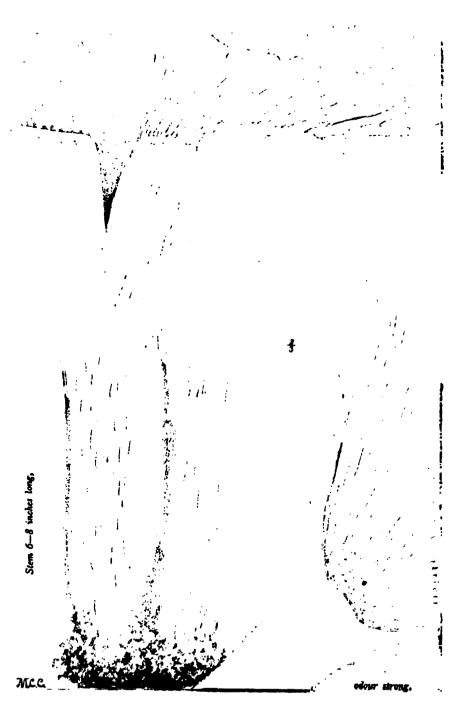


A.-AGARICUS (GLITOCYBE.) AMARUS. Fries. in woody places. near Hereford.

R -AGADICHE (CHITOCVEE L' ROCIALIR - Poiss

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) MAXIMUS. Fries. in woods. Killarney. Oct. 1881.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) GILVUS. Pers. in mountain woods.

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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) LOBATUS. Sow. on a bank. Highgate. Jan. 8. 1863.

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AGARICUS (COLLYBIA.) ERICETORUM. Bull. amongst short grass. Loughton. Nov. 1881.

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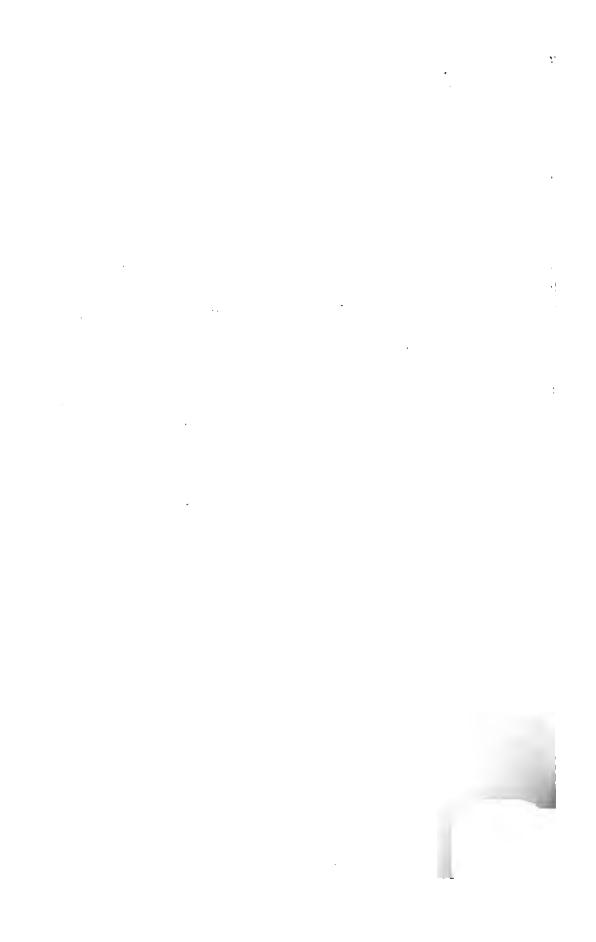
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AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) LACCATUS. Scop. in woods &c. Common everywhere.

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agaricus (COLLYBIA.) RADICATUS. Relh. on the ground. July to September.

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AGARICUS (COLLYSIA.) FUSIPES. Bull. on stumps. Highgate.



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AGARICUS (GOLLYBIA.) MACULATUS. A. & S. in moist pine woods. &c.

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AGARICUS (COLLYBIA) BUTYRACEUS. Bull. in woods. Common.

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AGARICUS (COLLYBIA.) CIRRHATUS. Schum. on the ground. Belmont. Nov. 1872.

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